

I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan  
BILL STATUS

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	FISCAL NOTES	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	NOTES
64-38 (COR)	Telo T. Taitague Chris Barnett Frank F. Blas, Jr. Sabina Flores Perez Shelly V. Calvo V. Anthony Ada Therese M. Terlaje	AN ACT TO <i>ADD</i> A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND <i>AMEND</i> § 12.106 (f) OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.	2/19/25 2:08 p.m.	2/26/25	Committee on Finance and Government Operations.	Request: 2/26/25  3/5/25	6/23/25 2:00 p.m.	11/14/25 As Amended.	



# Office of Senator Christopher M. Dueñas

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

November 13, 2025

The Honorable Frank F. Blas Jr.  
Speaker, *I Mina'trentai Ocho na Liheslaturan Guåhan*  
163 W. Chalan Santo Papa  
Hågatña, Guam 96910

Via Honorable Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada   
Chairman, Committee on Rules

## RE: Committee Report on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)

*Buenas yan Håfa Adai* Speaker,

Transmitted herewith is the Committee Report on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)- As amended – Telo T. Taitague, Chris Barnett, Frank Blas Jr., Sabina F. Perez, Shelly V. Calvo, V. Anthony Ada, Therese M. Terlaje - AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND AMEND § 12.106 (f) OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”

Committee votes are as follows:

- 3 TO DO PASS
- \_\_\_\_\_ TO NOT PASS
- 4 TO REPORT OUT ONLY
- \_\_\_\_\_ TO ABSTAIN
- \_\_\_\_\_ TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE

*Senseremente,*



Senator Christopher M. Dueñas  
Chairman, Committee on Finance and Government Operations



COMMITTEE ON RULES

RECEIVED:

November 13, 2025 12:43 p.m.

*Marie Crisostomo*

Revisions Received:

November 13, 2025 3:15 p.m.



*Office of Senator Christopher M. Dueñas*  
CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

November 11, 2025

**MEMORANDUM**

**To:** All Members  
Committee on Finance and Government Operations

**From:** Senator Christopher M. Dueñas  
Chairperson, Finance and Government Operations


**Subject:** Committee Report on Bill No. 64-38 (COR) As amended

Transmitted herewith for your consideration is the Committee Report on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)** Telo T. Taitague, Chris Barnet, Frank Blas Jr., Sabina F. Perez, Shelly V. Calvo, V. Anthony Ada, Therese M. Terlaje - "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND AMEND § 12.106 (f) OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."

This report includes the following:

- Copy of COR Referral of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)
- Notices of Public Hearing
- Copy of the Public Hearing Agenda
- Public Hearing Sign-in Sheet
- Copies of Submitted Written Testimony
- Committee Vote Sheet
- Committee Report Digest
- Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR), As Introduced
- Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR), As Amended
- Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR), Markup
- Fiscal Note/Fiscal Note Waiver


Please take the appropriate action on the attached vote sheet. Your attention to this matter is greatly appreciated. Should you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Respectfully, 

**Senator Christopher M. Dueñas**  
Chairperson, Committee on Finance and Government Operations

**OFFICE OF SENATOR CHRISTOPHER M. DUEÑAS**

259 MARTYR STREET, HAGATNA GUAM 96910 | TEL: 671-989-9554 | [SENATOR.DUEÑAS@GUAMLEGISLATURE.GOV](mailto:SENATOR.DUEÑAS@GUAMLEGISLATURE.GOV)

  LIKE AND FOLLOW @SENATORDUENAS



*Office of Senator Christopher M. Dueñas*  
CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

## **COMMITTEE REPORT**

### **BILL NO. 64-38 (COR)**

### **INTRODUCED BY**

**Telo T. Taitague, Chris Barnet, Frank Blas Jr., Sabina F. Perez, Shelly V. Calvo, V. Anthony Ada, Therese M. Terlaje**

**“AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND AMEND § 12.106 (f) OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”**





# COMMITTEE ON RULES

Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada, Chairperson

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan*

*38<sup>th</sup> Guam Legislature*

February 26, 2025

**To: Rennae V. C. Meno**  
Clerk of the Legislature

**Attorney Darleen Hiton**  
Legislative Legal Counsel

**From: Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada**   
Chairperson, Committee on Rules

**Subject: Referral of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

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*Håfa Adai,*

As per my authority as Chairperson of the Committee on Rules and subject to §6.01(d)(1), Rule VI of our Standing Rules, I am forwarding the referral of **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)** – Telo T. Taitague, Chris Barnett, Frank F. Blas, Jr., Sabina Flores Perez, Shelly V. Calvo, V. Anthony Ada, Therese M. Terlaje. – “AN ACT TO *ADD* A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”

Please ensure that the subject bill is referred to the Committee on Finance and Government Operations chaired by Senator Christopher M. Dueñas. I also request that the same be forwarded to the Prime Sponsor of the subject bill and to Management Information Services (MIS) for posting on our website

A copy of the bill is available on our legislative website.

Should you have any questions or concerns, please feel free to contact Kamarin Nelson, Committee on Rules Director at 671-472-2461.



**FIRST NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

2 messages

Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

16 June 2025 at 08:48

To: phnotice@guamlegislature.gov

Cc: Ed Pocaigue &lt;sgtfarms@guamlegislature.gov&gt;

June 16, 2025

**MEMORANDUM****To:** All Senators, Stakeholders and Media**From:** Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**Subject:** **FIRST NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.***Håfa Adai!*

Please be advised that the *Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement* will conduct a public hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.** at the Guam Congress Building in the Public Hearing Room. The Committee will hear and accept testimonies of the following items:

**AGENDA:**

**I. BILL NO. 64-38 (COR)** - Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- “AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”

**II. BILL NO. 61-38 (COR)** - Introduced by William A. Parkinson- “AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 36, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE OFFICE OF THE ELECTED PUBLIC PROSECUTOR, AND TO REPEAL §§ 30104 AND 30104.I, AND AMEND §§ 30102 AND 30109, ALL OF CHAPTER 30, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO RESTORING THE APPOINTED OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.”

If you are interested in participating in the Public Hearing to provide testimony, please contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague via electronic mail at [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or call (671) 989-8356. In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), individuals requiring assistance of accommodation should contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague at (671) 989-8356 or email [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) .

The hearing will broadcast on local television, GTA Channel 21, Docomo Channel 117, and stream online via *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*'s live feed on YouTube <https://www.youtube.com/@>



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory  
Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
2238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 16, 2025

**MEMORANDUM**

**To:** All Senators, Stakeholders and Media

**From:** Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson

**Subject:** FIRST NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

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A recording of the hearing will be available online via Guam Legislature Media on YouTube after the hearing. This notice is also published on the Government of Guam Public Notice Portal: FIRST NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. and aired on KUAM TV8 / TV11.

We look forward to your participation!


# **FIRST NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**


 PRINT

**FIRST NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

**PUBLIC HEARING**



 **Posted on:** 06/16/2025 06:04 AM

 **Posted by:** Charissa Manibusan, Committee Director

 **Public Hearing Date:** 06/23/2025 02:00 PM

 **Department(s):**  
**GUAM LEGISLATURE (/notices?department\_id=92)**

 **Division(s):**  
OFFICE OF SENATOR TELO TAITAGUE (/notices?division\_id=282)

 **Notice Topic(s):** PUBLIC HEARING (/notices?topic\_id=74)

 **Types of Notice:** PUBLIC HEARING (/notices?type\_id=7)

 **For Audience(s):** PUBLIC (/notices?public=1)

 **Share this notice**

June 16, 2025

**MEMORANDUM**

**To:** All Senators, Stakeholders and Media

**From:** Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson

**Subject:** **FIRST NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

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**I. BILL NO. 64-38 (COR)**

([https://guamlegislature.gov/38th\\_Guam\\_Legislature/Bills\\_Introduced\\_38th/Bill%20No.%2064-38%20\(COR\).pdf](https://guamlegislature.gov/38th_Guam_Legislature/Bills_Introduced_38th/Bill%20No.%2064-38%20(COR).pdf))- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- *“AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”*

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([https://guamlegislature.gov/38th\\_Guam\\_Legislature/Bills\\_Introduced\\_38th/Bill%20No.%2061-38%20\(COR\)%20Referred%20Version.pdf](https://guamlegislature.gov/38th_Guam_Legislature/Bills_Introduced_38th/Bill%20No.%2061-38%20(COR)%20Referred%20Version.pdf))- Introduced by William A. Parkinson- *“AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 36, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE OFFICE OF THE ELECTED PUBLIC PROSECUTOR, AND TO REPEAL §§ 30104 AND 30104.1, AND AMEND §§ 30102 AND 30109, ALL OF CHAPTER 30, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO RESTORING THE APPOINTED OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.”*

If you are interested in participating in the Public Hearing to



If you are interested in participating in the Public Hearing to provide testimony, please contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague via electronic mail at [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) (<mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com>) or call (671) 989-8356. In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), individuals requiring assistance of accommodation should contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague at (671) 989-8356 or email [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) (<mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com>) .

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PO BOX 368, HAGATNA, GUAM 96932

T. +1 671.637.KUAM  
F. +1 671.637.9865

New Order

Revised/Add-On

Info. Update

Advertiser Name

Office of Senator Telo Taitague - 38th  
Guam Legislature

Address

Suite 407 DNA Bldg; 238 Archbishop Flores  
St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910

Point of Contact

Charissa Manibusan

Order Number

Order Entry Date

Customer PO #

2538PO128

Product Code

RECEIVABLES ACCOUNT

☒ Cash ☐ Trade ☐ Other

ORDER DESCRIPTION

PRODUCTION INFORMATION

Cart # Title: Length:

FOR INTERNAL PURPOSES ONLY

Media Consultant

Christie SA

Notary Required

YES

☒

NO

Billing

Per Spot

Package

☒

Trade

Station	Inc Acct	Rate	Start Date	End Date	AbsTime/Prog. Event	Length	Spot Type	Cart #	M	T	W	TH	F	SA	SU	Per Wk	Total #	Total \$
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KUAM TV

1x :15 Second Commercial on TV8 or TV11 from 12am - 5:59pm - First Notice (Air date: 06/16/25)

1x :15 Second Commercial on TV8 or TV11 from 12am - 5:59pm - First Notice (KUAM Match)

1x :15 Second Commercial on TV8 or TV11 from 12am - 5:59pm - Second Notice (Air date: 06/21/25)

1x :15 Second Commercial on TV8 or TV11 from 12am - 5:59pm - Second Notice (KUAM Match)

1x :15 Second TV Production (text and music bed only)

Contract for Public Hearing on June 23, 2025; 1st and 2nd Notice

MONTHLY TOTALS

Jan \_\_\_\_\_ Feb \_\_\_\_\_ Mar \_\_\_\_\_ Apr \_\_\_\_\_ May \_\_\_\_\_ June 500  
July \_\_\_\_\_ Aug \_\_\_\_\_ Sep \_\_\_\_\_ Oct \_\_\_\_\_ Nov \_\_\_\_\_ Dec \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

ORDER TOTALS

Total Spots \_\_\_\_\_ PKG  
Total Dollars \$ 500.00

TV COMMERCIAL FORMAT: We ask that all commercials be formatted to originate in HD 1920x1080 and conform to a 4x3 pillar for Title Safe dimensions for graphics. These will be downconverted on our SD channels. Should a commercial spot be produced in SD, it should be formatted in 720x486 DI format resolution and will be upconverted on HD Channels (DOCOMO 608 and 611).

RESTRICTIONS: 48-hour deadline is KUAM's quality control to ensure that your advertisement airing meets the highest standards. If there is a rush, KUAM is not responsible for quality and standard concerns on behalf of the client.

PAYMENT IS DUE UPON RECEIPT OF NOTICE. In the event of cancellation of this contract prior to its scheduled expiration date and/or failure to remit payment of invoice[s] within 60 days of invoice date, all spots that have run prior to the cancellation date and/or schedules adhered to will be billed at the Rate Card. Client understands and agrees that a finance charge of 10% per month shall accrue on all accounts remaining unpaid one [1] month after invoice date. Client agrees to pay a USD\$25.00 service fee per returned check. There will be a 5% surcharge for all credit card transactions. If payment is not made as required, KUAM may, its option, without notice or demand payment, declare Client's credit account in default, in which case Client's entire balance[s] that are due and payable will be forwarded for collection. Client agrees to accept all consequences and to pay all costs, including attorney's fees, court fees, court costs and other expenses incurred as deemed necessary by KUAM to settle the account.

NON DISCRIMINATION CLAUSE: KUAMPacific Telestations, LLC does not discriminate on the basis of race or ethnicity in the placement, scheduling and completion of purchase of advertising. Any order for advertising that includes any such restriction will not be accepted.

*CD Manibusan*

ACCEPTED BY CLIENT

*Christie San Agustin*

ACCEPTED BY STATION



OFFICE OF SENATOR

*Telo T. Taitague*

CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

**NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING**  
**Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 P.M.**  
**Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing Room**

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OFFICE OF SENATOR

*Telo T. Taitague*

CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
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*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

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Taitague via electronic mail at [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or call (671) 989-8356.

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*This ad is paid for by legislature funds.*



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

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**SECOND NOTICE of Public Hearing - Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2PM**

2 messages

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

20 June 2025 at 10:47

To: phnotice@guamlegislature.gov

Cc: Ed Pocaigue &lt;sgtarms@guamlegislature.gov&gt;

June 20, 2025

**MEMORANDUM****To:** All Senators, Stakeholders and Media**From:** Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**Subject:** **SECOND NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.***Håfa Adai!*

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We look forward to your participation!

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

***Create a Great Day!***

*Senator Telo T. Taitague*  
38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson**

**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
Tel: (671) 989-8356  
Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

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**3 attachments**



**Second Notice of Public Hearing - Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2PM.pdf**  
514K



**Bill No. 61-38 (COR) Referred Version.pdf**  
1660K



**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**  
2123K

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**Ed Pocaigue** <[sgtarms@guamlegislature.gov](mailto:sgtarms@guamlegislature.gov)>  
To: Senator Telo Taitague <[senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)>

20 June 2025 at 10:56

Hafa Adai,

Second notice updated

[Quoted text hidden]





**Edward S. Pocaigue, Jr.**  
Sergeant-at-Arms

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan*  
Guam Congress Building, 1st Floor  
163 Chalan Santo Papa  
Hagåtña, Guam 96910



1-671-969-3514



sgtarms@guamlegislature.gov

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OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory  
Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
2238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
[senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 20, 2025

**MEMORANDUM**

**To:** All Senators, Stakeholders and Media

**From:** Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson

**Subject:** **SECOND NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

*Håfa Adai!*

Please be advised that the *Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement* will conduct a public hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.** at the Guam Congress Building in the Public Hearing Room. The Committee will hear and accept testimonies of the following items:

**AGENDA:**

- I. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."
- II. **Bill No. 61-38 (COR)**- Introduced by William A. Parkinson- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 36, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE OFFICE OF THE ELECTED PUBLIC PROSECUTOR, AND TO REPEAL §§ 30104 AND 30104.1, AND AMEND §§ 30102 AND 30109, ALL OF CHAPTER 30, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO RESTORING THE APPOINTED OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL."

If you are interested in participating in the Public Hearing to provide testimony, please contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague via electronic mail at [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or call (671) 989-8356. In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), individuals requiring assistance of accommodation should contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague at (671) 989-8356 or email [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) .

The hearing will broadcast on local television, GTA Channel 21, Docomo Channel 117, and stream online via *I Liheslaturan Guåhan's* live feed on YouTube <https://www.youtube.com/@GuamLegislatureMedia/streams>.


A recording of the hearing will be available online via Guam Legislature Media on YouTube after the hearing. Notices for this Hearing are published on the Government of Guam Public Notice Portal: [https://notices.guam.gov/notice\\_detail/6948](https://notices.guam.gov/notice_detail/6948) and aired on KUAM TV8 / TV11.

We look forward to your participation!

## SECOND NOTICE of Public Hearing - Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2PM

### SECOND NOTICE of Public Hearing - Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2PM

#### PUBLIC HEARING

 **Posted on:** 06/20/2025 10:25 AM

 **Posted by:** Charissa Manibusan


 **Public Hearing Date:** 06/23/2025 02:00 PM

 **Department(s):** GUAM LEGISLATURE (/notices?department\_id=92)

 **Division(s):** OFFICE OF SENATOR TELO TAITAGUE (/notices?division\_id=282)

 **Notice Topic(s):** PUBLIC HEARING (/notices?topic\_id=74)

 **Types of Notice:** PUBLIC HEARING (/notices?type\_id=7)

 **For Audience(s):** PUBLIC (/notices?public=1)

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June 20, 2025

**MEMORANDUM**

**To:** All Senators, Stakeholders and Media

**From:** Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson

**Subject:** **SECOND NOTICE of Public Hearing – Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

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OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
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(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Douglas B. Moylan, Attorney General  
Office of Attorney General of Guam  
[dbmoylan@oagguam.org](mailto:dbmoylan@oagguam.org)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill NO. 64-38 (COR) and 61-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* AG Moylan:

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

- I. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."
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I respectfully request your presence to provide testimony and answer questions from the senate panel on the agenda items. Written testimony may also be submitted prior to the hearing via email to [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or delivered to the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague Suite 407 DNA Building 238 Archbishop Flores St, Hagåtña, Guam 96910. Please contact our office via email or at (671) 989-8356, for any questions or concerns. We look forward to your participation!

Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

*Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR) and Bill No. 64-38 (COR)*



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

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**Invitation to Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. on Bill 61-38 (COR)**

3 messages

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

3 June 2025 at 09:49

To: Douglas Moylan &lt;dbmoylan@oagguam.org&gt;

Cc: Austin Fortuno &lt;afortuno@oagguam.org&gt;

Hafa adai AG Moylan,

Please see the attached invitation to a Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. on Bill 61-38 (COR). We look forward to your participation!

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

**2 attachments****OAG Invitation- June 23, 2025, 2PM Public Hearing on Bill 61-38 (COR).pdf**

271K

**Bill No. 61-38 (COR) Referred Version.pdf**

1660K

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

4 June 2025 at 09:52

To: Douglas Moylan &lt;dbmoylan@oagguam.org&gt;

Cc: Austin Fortuno &lt;afortuno@oagguam.org&gt;

Hafa Adai AG Moylan,

Good morning! Please let us know if there is anyone in particular that you would like a direct invite sent to.



***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

***Create a Great Day!***

*Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson**

**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <[senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)>

11 June 2025 at 09:47

To: Douglas Moylan <[dbmoylan@oagguam.org](mailto:dbmoylan@oagguam.org)>

Cc: Austin Fortuno <[afortuno@oagguam.org](mailto:afortuno@oagguam.org)>

Hafa Adai AG Moylan,

This email is to notify that the public hearing agenda has been updated. Please note that Bill No. 64-38 (COR)- *“AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”* has been added to the agenda, which is also relevant to the OAG, and will be the first bill heard. The updated invitation is attached to this email.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

***Create a Great Day!***

*Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson**

**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

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### 3 attachments



**AG Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_updated 6.11.25.pdf**  
215K



**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**  
2123K



**Bill No. 61-38 (COR) Referred Version.pdf**  
1660K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Lola Leon Guerrero, Director  
Bureau of Statistics & Plan  
[lolalg@bsp.guam.gov](mailto:lolalg@bsp.guam.gov)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Director Leon Guerrero,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

- I. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."
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I respectfully request your presence, or that of a representative, to provide testimony and answer questions from the senate panel on the agenda item. Written testimony may also be submitted prior to the hearing via email to [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or delivered to the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague Suite 407 DNA Building 238 Archbishop Flores St, Hagåtña, Guam 96910. Please contact our office via email or at (671) 989-8356, for any questions or concerns. We look forward to your participation!

Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

CC: Mathew Santos, Deputy Director / Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

---

**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

1 message

---

**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

11 June 2025 at 10:07

To: "Lola Leon Guerrero, BSP" &lt;lolalg@bsp.guam.gov&gt;

Cc: Matthew Santos &lt;matthew.santos.bsp@guam.gov&gt;

Hafa adai Director Leon Guerrero,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*" at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

**2 attachments****BSP Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_B64-38.pdf**

221K

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Christine Baletto, President and Chief Executive Officer  
Docomo Pacific Guam

VIA: Jared Roberto, Public Relations Manager

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* President/CEO Baletto,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

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I respectfully request your presence to provide testimony and answer questions from the senate panel on the first agenda item. Written testimony may also be submitted prior to the hearing via email to [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or delivered to the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague Suite 407 DNA Building 238 Archbishop Flores St, Hagåtña, Guam 96910. Please contact our office via email or at (671) 989-8356, for any questions or concerns. We look forward to your participation!

Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

*Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)*



Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>

---

## Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

2 messages

---

**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>  
To: jroberto@docomopacific.com

11 June 2025 at 11:22

Hafa adai Mr. Roberto,

Please see the attached invitation to CEO Baletto, to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- “*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*” at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

***Create a Great Day!***

*Senator Telo T. Taitague*  
38th Guam Legislature


**Chairperson**


**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building  
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Tel: (671) 989-8356  
Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

### 2 attachments

 **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**  
2123K

 **DOCOMO Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearing\_B64-38.pdf**  
764K

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**Jared L. Roberto** <jroberto@docomopacific.com>  
To: Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>  
Cc: Public Relations <pr@docomopacific.com>

11 June 2025 at 11:29

Hafa Adai Senator Taitague,

We appreciate the invitation. Let me get with Christine on her availability, and will reply to this email thread.

Thank you,

[Quoted text hidden]

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**2 attachments**



**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**  
2123K



**DOCOMO Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearing\_B64-38.pdf**  
764K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
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(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Leslie J. Camacho Aguino, Ph.D.,  
Associate Professor of Mathematics  
University of Guam  
[Aquino18112@triton.uog.edu](mailto:Aquino18112@triton.uog.edu)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Dr. Aquino,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

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Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

*Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 61-38 (COR)*



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

---

**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)- Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m**

2 messages

---

**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>  
To: Aquino18112@triton.uog.edu

11 June 2025 at 08:54

Hafa adai Dr. Aquino,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)- *“AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,”* scheduled for public hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

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Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

**Dr. Leslie Aquino Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearing\_B64-38.pdf**  
209K

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>  
To: Aquino18112@triton.uog.edu

11 June 2025 at 09:02

My apologies, please see the attached copy of the bill.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson**

**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

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Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

[Quoted text hidden]



**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

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(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Catherine S. Castro, President  
Guam Chamber of Commerce  
[ccastro@guamchamber.com.gu](mailto:ccastro@guamchamber.com.gu)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* President Castro,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

- I. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.*"
- II. **Bill No. 61-38 (COR)**- Introduced by William A. Parkinson- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 36, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE OFFICE OF THE ELECTED PUBLIC PROSECUTOR, AND TO REPEAL §§ 30104 AND 30104.1, AND AMEND §§ 30102 AND 30109, ALL OF CHAPTER 30, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO RESTORING THE APPOINTED OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL.*"

I respectfully request your presence, or that of a representative, to provide testimony and answer questions from the senate panel on the agenda item. Written testimony may also be submitted prior to the hearing via email to [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or delivered to the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague Suite 407 DNA Building 238 Archbishop Flores St, *Hagåtña*, Guam 96910. Please contact our office via email or at (671) 989-8356, for any questions or concerns. We look forward to your participation!

Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

*Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)*



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

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**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

1 message

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

11 June 2025 at 10:56

To: Catherine Castro &lt;ccastro@guamchamber.com.gu&gt;

Cc: info@guamchamber.com.gu

Hafa adai President Castro,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*" at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

**2 attachments****Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K

**GCOC Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_B64-38.pdf**

220K





OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Christina Garcia, Acting Chief Executive  
Officer/Administrator  
Guam Economic Development Authority  
[cgarcia@investguam.com](mailto:cgarcia@investguam.com)

Siska S. Hutapea, Chairwoman  
GEDA Board of Directors  
[siska@cornerstonevaluation.com](mailto:siska@cornerstonevaluation.com)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Administrator Garcia and Chairwomen Hutapea,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

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Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**  
Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

---

**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

1 message

---

**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

11 June 2025 at 10:43

To: Tina Garcia &lt;cgarcia@investguam.com&gt;

Cc: "siska cornerstoneevaluation.com" &lt;siska@cornerstoneevaluation.com&gt;

Hafa adai Administrator Garcia and Chair Hutapea,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*" at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**Suite 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

**2 attachments****Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K

**GEDA Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_B64-38.pdf**

210K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Esther J.C. Aguigui, Acting Administrator  
Guam Homeland Security/Office of Civil Defense  
[Esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov](mailto:Esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Administrator Aguigui,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

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Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

*Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)*



Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>

---

## Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

2 messages

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>  
To: esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov

11 June 2025 at 09:29

Hafa adai Administrator Aguigui,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*" at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

***Create a Great Day!***

*Senator Telo T. Taitague*  
38th Guam Legislature


**Chairperson**


**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
Tel: (671) 989-8356  
Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

### 2 attachments

 **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**  
2123K

 **GHS Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearing\_B64-38.pdf**  
209K

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**Esther Aguigui** <esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov>  
To: Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>  
Cc: Rikki Orsini <rikki.orsini@guam.gov>, Jon Junior Calvo <jon.calvo@guam.gov>

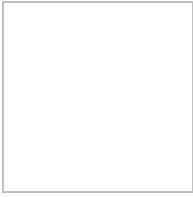
11 June 2025 at 11:29

Hafa Adai Senator Taitague,

Thank you for the invitation. I am forwarding this to the appropriate team within this agency for their review and will coordinate a response.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

Esther



**Esther J. C. Aguigui**

Homeland Security Advisor/Acting Administor  
Guam Homeland Security / Office of Civil Defense

221-B Chalan Palasyo, Agana Heights, Guam 96910

Office: (671) [475-9600](tel:6714759600) / Fax: (671) [477-3727](tel:6714773727)

Email: [esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov](mailto:esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov)

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[Quoted text hidden]



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Lilian Perez Posadas, Administrator  
Guam Memorial Hospital  
[lillian.perez.posadas@gmha.org](mailto:lillian.perez.posadas@gmha.org)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Administrator Posadas,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

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Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

CC: Zaldy Tugade, Associate Administrator-Operations / Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)





Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

---

**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

1 message

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

11 June 2025 at 10:13

To: Lillian Perez-Posadas &lt;lillian.perez-posadas@gmha.org&gt;

Cc: zaldy.tugade@gmha.org

Hafa adai Administrator Posadas,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*" at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

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**2 attachments****Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K

**GMHA Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_B64-38.pdf**

217K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Roland Certeza, President & CEO  
GTA Guam  
[rcerteza@gta.net](mailto:rcerteza@gta.net)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* President/CEO Certeza,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

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Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

CC: Sharon Davis, Vice President, Community Engagement and External Affairs/ Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

---

**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

1 message

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

11 June 2025 at 12:02

To: rcerteza@gta.net

Cc: [REDACTED]

Hafa adai President/CEO Certeza

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*" at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

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Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

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**2 attachments****Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K

**GTA Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearing\_B64-38.pdf**

767K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Honorable Robert J. Torres, Chief Justice  
Judiciary of Guam  
[rjtorres@guamcourts.gov](mailto:rjtorres@guamcourts.gov)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Chief Justice Torres:

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

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Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

CC: Sarah G. Elmore-Hernandez, Ph.D., Director of Policy, Planning, and Community



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

---

**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

1 message

---

**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

11 June 2025 at 10:00

To: "Honorable Robert J. Torres" &lt;rjtorres@guamcourts.gov&gt;

Cc: "Sarah G. Elmore-Hernandez" &lt;sehernandez@guamcourts.gov&gt;

Hafa adai Honorable Chief Justice Torres,

Please see the attached invitation to the Judiciary to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS," at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

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Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

**2 attachments****JUDICIARY Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_B64-38.pdf**

221K

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
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(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Frank L.G. Lujan, Jr. Chief Technology Officer  
Office of Technology  
[Frank.lujan@otech.guam.gov](mailto:Frank.lujan@otech.guam.gov)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Chief Lujan:

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

- I. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."
- II. **Bill No. 61-38 (COR)**- Introduced by William A. Parkinson- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 36, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE OFFICE OF THE ELECTED PUBLIC PROSECUTOR, AND TO REPEAL §§ 30104 AND 30104.1, AND AMEND §§ 30102 AND 30109, ALL OF CHAPTER 30, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO RESTORING THE APPOINTED OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL."

I respectfully request your presence to provide testimony and answer questions from the senate panel on the first agenda item. Written testimony may also be submitted prior to the hearing via email to [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or delivered to the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague Suite 407 DNA Building 238 Archbishop Flores St, Hagåtña, Guam 96910. Please contact our office via email or at (671) 989-8356, for any questions or concerns. We look forward to your participation!

Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

*Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)*





Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

---

**Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

1 message

---

**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

11 June 2025 at 09:39



To: Frank Lujan &lt;Frank.lujan@otech.guam.gov&gt;, OTECH HelpDesk &lt;HelpDesk@otech.guam.gov&gt;

Hafa adai Chief Lujan,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,*" at the Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,******Create a Great Day!****Senator Telo T. Taitague*  
38th Guam Legislature**Chairperson****Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**Suite 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
Tel: (671) 989-8356  
Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

---

**2 attachments** **OTECH Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearing\_B64-38.pdf**  
209K **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**  
2123K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 11, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Vincente M.C. Naputi, Chief of Airport Police  
A.B. Won Pat International Airport  
[vince.naputi@guamairport.net](mailto:vince.naputi@guamairport.net)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Chief Naputi,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

- I. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."
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I respectfully request your presence, or that of a representative, to provide testimony and answer questions from the senate panel on the agenda item. Written testimony may also be submitted prior to the hearing via email to [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or delivered to the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague Suite 407 DNA Building 238 Archbishop Flores St, Hagåtña, Guam 96910. Please contact our office via email or at (671) 989-8356, for any questions or concerns. We look forward to your participation!

Respectfully

**Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson**

Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)



Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>

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## Invitation to Public Hearing on Bill 64-38 (COR)- Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

1 message

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Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>

16 June 2025 at 14:28

To: vince.naputi@guamairport.net

*Hafa Adai* Chief Naputi,

Please see the attached invitation from Senator Telo Taitague to attend a public hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, on the following agenda item:

I. **Bill No. 64 38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- “*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.*”

*We look forward to your participation!*

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

***Create a Great Day!***

*Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson**

**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

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### 2 attachments



Chief V. Naputi (GIAA) Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_B64-38.pdf  
218K



Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf  
2123K



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

June 19, 2025

**Transmitted via Electronic Mail**

Chief Stephen Ignacio  
Guam Police Department  
[stephen.ignacio@gpd.guam.gov](mailto:stephen.ignacio@gpd.guam.gov)

**Subject: Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

*Hafa Adai* Chief Ignacio,

This letter is to notify you that the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections and Retirement has set a Public Hearing on **Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing room**, to hear the following bills:

- I. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- "*AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.*"
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I respectfully request your presence, or that of a representative, to provide testimony and answer questions from the senate panel on the agenda item. Written testimony may also be submitted prior to the hearing via email to [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or delivered to the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague Suite 407 DNA Building 238 Archbishop Flores St, *Hagåtña*, Guam 96910. Please contact our office via email or at (671) 989-8356, for any questions or concerns. We look forward to your participation!

Respectfully

***Senator Telo T. Taitague, Chairperson***

CC: Attachment: Copy of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)



Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>

---

## Invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR): Public Hearing on Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.

1 message

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**Senator Telo Taitague** <senatortelot@gmail.com>

19 June 2025 at 08:52

To: Stephen Ignacio <stephen.ignacio@gpd.guam.gov>, GPD Chief <chief@gpd.guam.gov>

Hafa adai Chief Ignacio,

Please see the attached invitation to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)- Introduced by Telo T. Taitague “AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”

***Si Yu'os Ma'åse,***

***Create a Great Day!***

*Senator Telo T. Taitague*

38th Guam Legislature

**Chairperson**

**Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement**

Suite 407 DNA Building

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagatna, Guam 96910

Tel: (671) 989-8356

Email: [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

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### 2 attachments



**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)-2.pdf**

2123K



**GPD Invitation- June 23, 2025 Public Hearings\_B64-38.pdf**

770K



## OFFICE OF SENATOR

*Telo T. Taitague*

### CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
[senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com)

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

## PUBLIC HEARING AGENDA

**Monday, June 23, 2025 at 2:00 p.m.**

**Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing Room**

The Committee will hear and accept testimony on the following:

- I. **BILL NO. 64-38 (COR)** - Introduced by Telo T. Taitague- *"AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."*
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If you are interested in participating in the Public Hearing to provide testimony, please contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague via electronic mail at [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com) or call (671) 989-8356.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), individuals requiring assistance of accommodation should contact the Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague at (671) 989-8356 or email [senatortelot@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelot@gmail.com).

The hearing will broadcast on local television, GTA Channel 21, Docomo Channel 117, and stream online via I Liheslaturan Guåhan's live feed on YouTube <https://www.youtube.com/@GuamLegislatureMedia/streams>. A recording of the hearing will be available online via Guam Legislature Media on YouTube after the hearing.





OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
CHAIRWOMAN

Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory  
Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

Ste. 407 DNA Building  
2238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
(671) 989-8356  
senatortelot@gmail.com

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

**PUBLIC HEARING SIGN-IN SHEET**

Monday, June 23, 2025 – 2:00 PM

Public Hearing Room, Guam Congress Building

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)** – Telo T. Taitague – “AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”

NAME:	AGENCY/ ORGANIZATION	POSITION	TESTIMONY	CONTACT INFORMATION
1. Eleazar Tandoz	Docomo Pacific	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	(671) [REDACTED]
2. Robert Torres, Chief Justice	Judiciary	SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]
3. Jaceo Roberto	Docomo Pacific	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]
4. Dan Tydingco	Docomo Pacific	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]
5. CHARLIE HERMOSA	SELF	SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]
6. Esther Aguirre	OHS - OED	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]
7. Lucia Perez	"	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]
8. Lola Umagahan	BSP	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]
9. Nicole Nelson	OTET	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
10.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	



OFFICE OF SENATOR  
*Telo T. Taitague*  
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*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan • 38th Guam Legislature*

**PUBLIC HEARING SIGN-IN SHEET**

Monday, June 23, 2025 – 2:00 PM

Public Hearing Room, Guam Congress Building

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)** – Telo T. Taitague – “AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”

NAME:	AGENCY/ ORGANIZATION	POSITION	TESTIMONY	CONTACT INFORMATION
1. MANNY HECHAVANA	VOG	SUPPORT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	mannyhechavana vog.edu
2. Curtis Van der Veld	citizen	SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Curtis @ Vanderveld.attorney
3.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
4.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
5.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
6.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
7.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
8.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
9.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	
10.		SUPPORT <input type="checkbox"/> OPPOSE <input type="checkbox"/>	WRITTEN <input type="checkbox"/> ORAL <input type="checkbox"/>	

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**Written Testimony of Mr. Frank LG Lujan, Jr. – Chief Technology Officer, read by Ms. Nicole B. Nelson, Acting Chief Technology Officer**

Before the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement

**Regarding Bill No. 64-38 (COR) - "Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Act of 2025"**

**June 23, 2025, 2PM**

Håfa Adai, Chairwoman Taitague and distinguished members of the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement.

My name is Nicole Nelson, and I am the Acting Chief Technology Officer for the Government of Guam. In the absence of our Chief Technology Officer, who is currently traveling, I am here today to read the testimony on behalf of the Office of Technology (OTECH) regarding Bill No. 64-38 (COR), a crucial piece of legislation that seeks to establish a regulatory framework for Artificial Intelligence in Guam. This testimony was written by the CTO, Mr. Frank LG Lujan, Jr.

First and foremost, I want to commend the sponsors of this bill for their foresight and proactive approach in addressing the rapid advancements of Artificial Intelligence. As Section 1 of this bill rightly states, AI technologies are indeed rapidly advancing and being deployed across both public and private sectors, offering significant benefits while also presenting novel challenges to individual rights, privacy, due process, and equal protection. The establishment of an AI Regulatory Task Force is a vital step in ensuring that Guam is prepared to harness the potential of AI responsibly and ethically, safeguarding the rights of our people.

From the perspective of the Office of Technology, we wholeheartedly support the intent of this bill. As the central agency responsible for guiding technological advancement within the Government of Guam, OTECH recognizes the profound impact AI will have on our operations, services, and economy. It is imperative that we develop a comprehensive and agile framework that fosters innovation while mitigating risks.

In reviewing Bill No. 64-38 (COR), I would like to offer a specific recommendation for your consideration that I believe will strengthen its effectiveness and ensure the long-term success of AI governance in Guam. **We strongly recommend that an explicit AI-related task be included within the existing OTECH law, codified in 5 GCA Chapter 1 Article 12.**

Integrating this responsibility directly into OTECH's statutory mandate would solidify our role in the ongoing development and oversight of AI policies and implementations. It would clearly delineate OTECH as a primary stakeholder and an essential contributor to the AI Regulatory Task Force, leveraging our technical expertise and institutional knowledge. This integration would also ensure continuity and accountability, regardless of changes in administration or personnel.

Furthermore, and critically, **this respective AI task within OTECH must be adequately funded.** The successful development and implementation of an AI regulatory framework, including participation in and support of the proposed task force, will require dedicated resources for research, policy development, technical expertise, and potentially new infrastructure or training. Without sufficient funding, even the most well-intentioned legislative mandates can fall short of their objectives. We urge the committee to consider the financial implications of this undertaking and ensure that the necessary appropriations are allocated to empower OTECH to fulfill this vital role effectively.

By embedding an AI-specific task within 5 GCA Chapter 1 Article 12 and providing the necessary funding, we can ensure that OTECH is not only a participant in this critical endeavor but a central, empowered, and enduring force in guiding Guam's AI future.

### **Support for the Intent of the Bill:**

I wholeheartedly support the underlying premise of Bill No. 64-38 (COR) – the necessity of establishing a comprehensive regulatory framework for AI in Guam. Without clear guidelines, standards, and oversight, the potential risks associated with AI, such as bias, privacy infringements, job displacement, and algorithmic discrimination, could undermine the very benefits we seek to achieve. A well-crafted regulatory framework will:

- **Foster responsible innovation:** By providing clear boundaries and expectations, we can encourage the ethical development and deployment of AI without stifling innovation.
- **Protect our citizens:** Safeguarding individual rights, privacy, and ensuring due process in the age of AI is paramount. This bill's explicit mention of protecting constitutional and organic act rights is crucial.
- **Promote public trust:** A transparent and accountable regulatory environment will build public confidence in AI technologies used by both government and private entities.
- **Ensure equitable outcomes:** Proactive regulation can help mitigate algorithmic bias and ensure that AI systems serve all segments of our community fairly.
- **Enhance government efficiency and effectiveness:** As the government increasingly explores AI solutions, a regulatory framework will guide responsible adoption and ensure public sector AI initiatives align with our core values and legal obligations.

### **Key Considerations and Recommendations:**

While I strongly support the intent, I offer the following considerations and recommendations to further strengthen the bill and ensure its effective implementation:

1. **Composition of the AI Regulatory Task Force:** The success of this task force will hinge on the expertise and diversity of its members. I recommend a multi-disciplinary approach, including:

- **Technical Experts:** Individuals with deep knowledge of AI technologies, machine learning, and data science.
  - **Legal Scholars:** Experts in constitutional law, privacy law, and administrative law.
  - **Ethicists:** Those who can guide the development of ethical AI principles.
  - **Industry Representatives:** To provide practical insights into AI deployment and its impact on various sectors.
  - **Civil Society Advocates:** To represent public interests, privacy concerns, and equity issues.
  - **Government Agency Representatives:** To ensure the framework addresses the specific needs and challenges of public sector AI adoption. I recommend specific representation from the Office of the Chief Technology Officer, given our agency's role in government technology strategy and implementation.
2. **Scope of the Task Force's Mandate:** The bill outlines the task force's role in developing a comprehensive framework. I suggest clarifying whether this framework will encompass:
- **Data Governance:** Standards for data collection, storage, use, and sharing in the context of AI.
  - **Algorithmic Transparency and Explainability:** Requirements for understanding how AI systems make decisions.
  - **Accountability Mechanisms:** Clear lines of responsibility for AI system errors or harms.
  - **Risk Assessment and Mitigation:** Frameworks for identifying and addressing potential risks associated with AI deployment.
  - **Public Awareness and Education:** Strategies to inform the public about AI and its implications.
3. **Timeline and Resources:** Establishing a comprehensive regulatory framework for a rapidly evolving technology like AI is a significant undertaking. I recommend:
- **Realistic Timelines:** Ensuring the task force has adequate time to conduct thorough research, stakeholder consultations, and draft a robust framework.
  - **Adequate Funding:** Providing the necessary resources for the task force to operate effectively, including funding for expert consultations, research, and administrative support.
4. **Collaboration and Best Practices:** The global landscape of AI regulation is still nascent but rapidly evolving. I encourage the task force to:



- **Review International Best Practices:** Learn from approaches taken by other jurisdictions, such as the European Union's AI Act, and frameworks proposed by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in the United States.
  - **Engage with Federal Agencies:** Collaborate with relevant U.S. federal agencies that are also grappling with AI regulation, to ensure alignment where appropriate and leverage existing resources.
5. **Iterative Approach:** AI technology will continue to advance. The regulatory framework developed by the task force should ideally be designed to be adaptable and evolve over time, allowing for future amendments and updates as the technology matures and new challenges emerge.

In conclusion, **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)** represents a crucial and timely step for Guam in addressing the opportunities and challenges presented by Artificial Intelligence. By establishing a dedicated task force to develop a comprehensive regulatory framework, we can ensure that AI is developed and deployed responsibly, ethically, and in a manner that benefits all residents of Guam while safeguarding our fundamental rights.

I stand ready to provide any technical assistance or support that the Legislature may require in the development and implementation of this vital legislation.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse.

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# Judiciary of Guam

Administrative Office of the Courts  
Guam Judicial Center • 120 West O'Brien Dr • Hagåtña, Gu. 96910  
Tel: (671) 475-3544



HON. ROBERT J. TORRES  
CHIEF JUSTICE

HON. ALBERTO C. LAMORENA, III  
PRESIDING JUDGE

DANIELLE T. ROSETE, ESQ.  
ADMINISTRATOR OF THE COURTS

June 23, 2025

Transmitted via Electronic Mail

The Honorable Telo T. Taitague  
Chairperson, Committee on Technology  
Suite 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagåtña, Guam 96910

## Re: Judiciary of Guam Testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)

Dear Madam Chair and Members of the Committee:

Thank you for the invitation to testify on **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**, relative to “establishing the Guam Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Task force to develop a comprehensive framework for the regulation of artificial intelligence (AI) in the government of Guam and private sector while protecting constitutional and Organic Act rights.”

The Judiciary’s mission is to deliver justice fairly and efficiently through transparent, inclusive, and accessible court services. Technology is central to that mission. One of our strategic planning pillars—Embracing and Enhancing Technology, which I chair— focuses on using modern tools to improve court operations and expand access to justice.

AI is one such tool with far-reaching potential. It can analyze large volumes of case law and legal precedent. It can also streamline legal research by quickly identifying relevant authorities, saving time and allowing attorneys to focus on strategy and client advocacy. For the public, AI can translate complex legal concepts into clearer, more accessible language, making the court system easier to understand. Used thoughtfully, these technologies can help lower barriers to justice, especially for individuals without legal representation.

At the same time, the Judiciary remains mindful of the risks. Bias in training data can lead to discriminatory outcomes.<sup>1</sup> “AI hallucinations” can produce misinformation that undermines the credibility of court filings. And opaque algorithms—the so-called “black boxes”—raise concerns about transparency and accountability in decision-making.<sup>2</sup> These concerns go to the heart of fairness in our justice system.

To help navigate these challenges and protect the rights of all litigants, the Supreme Court of Guam adopted a formal policy on AI use within the Judiciary earlier this year. The policy, which took effect on May 1, establishes clear ethical expectations for judges, attorneys, court staff, and litigants. It affirms that

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<sup>1</sup> Artificial Intelligence in Predictive Policing Issue Brief. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People.

<sup>2</sup> An Introduction to Artificial Intelligence for Federal Judges. Federal Judicial Center, 2023.

AI may be used, but never in ways that mislead, reinforce bias, or erode public trust. Final responsibility must always rest with the human being.

Under the policy, all AI-generated content must be reviewed for accuracy, compliance with legal and ethical obligations, and integrity of the judicial process. The Judiciary will implement continuous educational initiatives for court personnel to stay informed about advancements, and we will engage in periodic evaluations of the policy to adapt to emerging developments. Above all, the goal is not to replace human judgment with automation, but to strengthen the justice system by thoughtfully integrating technology.

Finally, while we know members of the Committee are aware, we note for the record that both the U.S. House and Senate versions of the federal budget reconciliation bill include provisions that would impose a moratorium on state and local regulation of AI. We defer to the outcome of that federal process and acknowledge its potential implications for local policymaking.

Meanwhile, we commend Senator Taitague for advancing this discussion and support efforts to examine AI's role across the public and private sector. Should the Task Force be established, we welcome the opportunity to contribute and help ensure that Guam develops a framework rooted in fairness, accountability, and responsible innovation.

Senseramente,



ROBERT J. TORRES  
Chief Justice

June 23, 2025

Honorable Telo T. Taitague  
Chairwoman, Committee on Economic Investment,  
Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs,  
Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement  
38<sup>th</sup> Guam Legislature  
I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910

RE: Testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)

Hafa Adai Senator Taitague,

The Bureau of Statistics and Plans (BSP) is pleased to provide written testimony in support of Bill No. 64-38 (COR) "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC RIGHTS."

BSP supports Bill No. 64-38 which aims to establish a comprehensive regulatory framework for artificial intelligence technologies across Guam's public and private sectors, offering a balanced approach to innovation while ensuring appropriate regulation. At the same time BSP respectfully submits the following comments and recommendations:

- (1) While the intent to establish the Guam Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Task Force is appreciated, it may not be necessary to create a new standalone body. Instead, the responsibility for developing a comprehensive regulatory framework for AI could more appropriately be housed under the Office of Technology (OTECH), which already serves as the government's lead entity for innovation, digital policy, and emerging technologies.

The OTECH will be able to cross-sector collaboration and can assemble a working group of subject matter experts from government agencies, academia, private sector, and the nongovernmental sector. This approach avoids administrative duplication, leverages existing expertise, and ensures continuity in the policy development process.

By centralizing this responsibility within a specialized office and incorporating diverse external input, Guam can develop an agile, technically grounded, and forward-looking regulatory framework for AI without the need to form a separate task force.

- (2) The bill states that the Guam AI Task Force will consist of eleven (11) members, including two members from the Guam Legislature, the Office of the Attorney General, the Judiciary of Guam, four members from the Executive Branch (to include the Bureau of Statistics and Plans), the University of Guam, the Guam Economic Development Authority, and the Guam Chamber of Commerce.

As mentioned in bullet (1), BSP continues to recommend that the responsibility for developing a comprehensive regulatory framework for AI be housed under the Office of Technology rather than establishing a new task force.

Furthermore, while BSP appreciates its inclusion on the Task Force, we recognize our current limitations in contributing at a technical level. At this time, we do not have in-house technical expertise in AI applications, regulation, or governance. Supporting this initiative would necessitate a significant allocation of staff time toward AI-related research and learning. While BSP is committed to supporting this initiative, our contributions may be limited, and we will assist as necessary.

- (3) Bill No. 64-38 includes provisions for the creation of working groups to address specific aspects of AI regulation, including education, workforce development and procurement. As noted in bullet (1), the OTECH is well positioned to lead this effort. However, establishing official working groups may add unintended red tape. We recommend that the bill simply state or list the entities that OTECH shall consult and work with.

The Bureau recommends the inclusion of the following entities that OTECH should consult with:

- Director, Department of Labor or designee – to address workforce development and training for AI integration.
- GSA Chief Procurement Officer or designee – to advise on AI related procurement standards and practices.
- President, Guam Community College or designee – to contribute expertise in technical education and skills development.
- Director, Department of Revenue and Taxation or designee – given the increasing role of AI to improve revenue and spending, revenue management and fraud detection.

- (4) In reference to Bill No. 64-38, §16106 (b)(5), which calls for mechanisms for ongoing oversight and updates in the final report, the Chief Technology Officer, Office of Technology, supported by technical experts from relevant sectors, would well be positioned to provide strategic oversight and guidance on the use of AI applications and regulatory enforcement within government operations.

In addition, the Chief Technology Officer could be tasked with submitting an annual report to the Governor and Legislature. This report would highlight development in AI technology, its application in government operations, and updates on risk mitigation and regulatory efforts.

In conclusion, I extend my support for Bill No. 64-38 with consideration of these recommendations. We applaud the work of the Legislature to lay the groundwork towards innovation and ensure AI technologies are safe, secure, equitable, and transparent and to better prepare our workforce for the digital future.

Please do not hesitate to contact me at 671-472-4201/2/3 or email [lolalg@bsp.guam.gov](mailto:lolalg@bsp.guam.gov) for any questions or concerns that you may have.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse',

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Lola E. Leon Guerrero".

LOLA E. LEON GUERRERO  
Director



**LOURDES A. LEON GUERRERO**

Governor of Guam  
*I Maga'Haga Guahan*

**JOSHUA F. TENORIO**

Lt. Governor of Guam  
*I Segundo Na Maga'Lahen Guahan*

**GUAM  
ECONOMIC  
DEVELOPMENT  
AUTHORITY**  
*America in Asia*

*Aturidãd Inadilãnton Ikunumihan Guahan*



**CHRISTINA D. GARCIA**

Acting Chief Executive Officer/Administrator  
*Ufisiãt Akteng Atmenestradoran Eksekutibon Akãdi*

**CARLOS P. BORDALLO**

Deputy Administrator  
*Sigundo Atmenestrãdõt*

June 21, 2025

Senator Telo T. Taitague

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan*

DNA Building, Suite 407

238 Archbishop Flores St.

Hagåtña, Guam 96910

RE: TESTIMONY ON BILL NO. 64-38 (COR) – AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.

*Hafa Adai* Senator Telo Taitague and members of Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement. The purpose of this letter is to provide written testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR).

The Guam Economic Development Authority (GEDA) will be available to participate in this task force should it be established by law. While GEDA is no expert on Artificial Intelligence (AI), we know that AI technologies are emerging at a historic pace. An AI Task Force may help prepare our government for this already occurring technological revolution and determine pathways for the government of Guam to establish regulations to allow the effective implementation of AI across the public and private sectors while protecting individual rights and privacy. Providing a framework that fosters AI innovation while protecting individual rights and privacy is a challenge faced by states/territories across the country.

Any AI policy established by this government will need to take into account not only the regulation of AI, but also strategies to better prepare Guam to harness this ever changing technology to maximize the economic, social and educational opportunities it offers. We need to invest in AI education and training for our people to ensure our government, finance and industry leaders understand and can harness AI in a productive manner. Also, the government must review and invest in its technology infrastructure to ensure that AI can be utilized to better manage programs and tasks. Developing policies for the integration of AI into established government processes will require planning and constant review using key performance indicators (KPI) to ensure accuracy and efficacy.

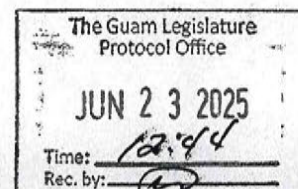
Funding is critical to making this task force succeed. Should an appropriation not be available, the task force may need to seek funding through federal agencies such as USDA, US EDA and Department of Interior, among others. GEDA foresees that the task force will need to retain the services of a subject matter expert in the AI field. If no appropriation is provided to the task force for such expert and other expenses, there may be delays in the implementation in the law while funding sources are being determined. Thank you for the opportunity to provide this testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR).

*Senseremente,*



Carlos Bordallo

GEDA Deputy Administrator





*Handwritten: Housel / Cini*

**TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF BILL NO. 64-38 (COR) *Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Act of 2025***

June 23, 2025

**Submitted by:** Lucia R. Perez/SPC-ESF2/Cybersecurity & Critical Infrastructure

**Honorable Chairperson Taitague and Members of the Committee,**

Si Yu'os Ma'åse' for the opportunity to submit testimony in strong support of Bill No. 64-38 (COR), the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Act of 2025. This forward-looking legislation establishes the groundwork for responsible, effective, and sustainable adoption of artificial intelligence (AI) across our government institutions and public-facing services. It represents a vital step in preparing Guam to responsibly harness the potential of AI while safeguarding public trust, national security, and the rights of our residents.

**Advancing Efficiency, Effectiveness, and Stability**

As AI tools become increasingly integrated into critical services—emergency response, public health, infrastructure management, and cybersecurity—our ability to govern these systems must match their complexity and rapid advancement. Bill No. 64-38 establishes a formal regulatory foundation to:

- Maximize efficiency through automation, data integration, and predictive analytics;
- Ensure effectiveness in service delivery, operational decision-making, and mission-critical functions; and
- Maintain institutional and technical stability through governance, oversight, and cross-sector readiness.

To strengthen the implementation and long-term impact of this legislation, I respectfully offer the following aligned recommendations for inclusion and emphasis:

**1. Permanent Institutional Oversight**

AI regulatory authority should not rest with a temporary task force but be permanently established under the **Office of Technology (OTECH)**. OTECH offers:

- Institutional continuity;
- Established technical infrastructure; and
- Existing cross-agency stakeholder networks.

These are essential for the long-term stewardship of AI systems across Guam's public sector.

**2. Dedicated Funding and Staffing**

To fulfill this expanded mandate, OTECH must be resourced appropriately, including:

*Handwritten signatures: BOE, Boelc, ASH*

- Dedicated budget lines for AI governance;
- Capacity to recruit, train, and retain personnel with AI-relevant technical skills; and
- Competitive pathways to counter workforce migration to federal and mainland markets.

Without stable funding and talent, AI regulation risks becoming reactive instead of proactive.

### 3. Cybersecurity and Redundancy Requirements

AI systems interfacing with critical infrastructure—such as energy grids, telecommunications, emergency alerts, and water systems—must:

- Adhere to strict NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) -aligned cybersecurity benchmarks;
- Undergo routine vulnerability assessments; and
- Include redundancy and failover protocols to ensure continuity during cyberattacks, outages, or natural disasters.

This is especially critical given Guam’s geographic vulnerabilities and strategic defense role in the Indo-Pacific.

### 4. Workforce Readiness and Training

The legislation should mandate ongoing AI literacy and training programs for:

- Emergency management professionals,
- Public safety operators,
- HealthCare professionals,
- Financial professionals,
- Information Technology & Operational Technology professionals,
- Regulatory personnel managing AI in operational environments.

Consideration should also be given to **certification pathways** for roles requiring high-risk AI use during crisis scenarios, ensuring operational integrity and accountability.

### 5. Ethical and Operational Protocols

No AI decision-support system should **override human judgment** in life-or-death scenarios. The bill should establish:

- Clear ethical standards,
- Defined boundaries for AI use in high-risk environments, and
- Required human-in-the-loop oversight for mission-critical decisions.

These measures ensure that technology remains a tool—not a substitute—for expert decision-making.

## 6. Data Protection in Emergencies

AI platforms used during emergencies will necessarily access sensitive data. Regulatory language should:

- Enforce strict data privacy protocols for personally identifiable information (PII); and
- Provide for controlled flexibility to allow timely delivery of emergency aid to affected populations, without jeopardizing data security or civil liberties.

## 7. Cross-Agency Interoperability

AI systems developed, procured, or deployed by government agencies must be interoperable particularly in:

- Disaster response coordination,
- Threat assessment, and
- Resource allocation.

This ensures that Guam's digital infrastructure evolves cohesively, rather than as siloed or duplicative systems.

## Conclusion

Bill No. 64-38 provides Guam with a timely and essential framework to govern artificial intelligence responsibly, securely, and with a forward-looking approach. I commend the author and sponsors for their leadership and encourage this body to strengthen the bill's implementation mechanisms by incorporating permanent oversight, funding, workforce development, and security protocols.

This legislation establishes Guam as a national leader in responsible AI governance and a resilient Pacific hub for ethical innovation.

I respectfully urge the Legislature to pass **Bill No. 64-38**, with the enhancements described above, to ensure our island is both protected and empowered as we enter this next technological frontier.

Thank you for your time, service, and commitment to Guam's future.





Lourdes A. Leon Guerrero  
Governor  
Joshua F. Tenorio  
Lieutenant Governor

**GUAM HOMELAND SECURITY/OFFICE OF CIVIL  
DEFENSE**

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Esther JC Aguigui  
Homeland Security Advisor  
Charles V. Esteves  
Administrator

June 23, 2025

Office of Senator Telo T. Taitague  
38th Guam Legislature Suite 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagatna, Guam 96910  
Via email: [senatortelo@gmail.com](mailto:senatortelo@gmail.com)

SUBJECT: Written Testimony Regarding Bill No. 64-38 (COR) - "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,"

Håfa Adai, Chairwoman Taitague and distinguished members of the Committee.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR). As Advisor for Guam Homeland Security and Acting Administrator of the Office of Civil Defense, I am writing in strong support of this important legislation to establish the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Task Force.

From a homeland security and emergency management perspective, the responsible regulation of artificial intelligence is not just advisable—it is essential for protecting our island's security, resilience, and the safety of our people.

AI technologies are increasingly being integrated into critical infrastructure systems, emergency response protocols, and public safety operations. While these applications offer tremendous potential to enhance our capabilities in disaster preparedness, response, and recovery, they also introduce new vulnerabilities and risks that must be carefully managed.

However, we recommend modifying the bill's approach to establish AI regulatory responsibilities as a permanent task within the Office of Technology (OTECH), rather



than creating a separate temporary task force. This approach would provide several advantages:

- **Permanent Oversight:** AI regulation requires ongoing, long-term oversight rather than temporary task force attention, as AI technology will continue evolving for decades to come
- **Operational Efficiency:** Assigning these duties to OTECH avoids the stringent requirements for posting meeting notices and broadcasting that formal task forces must follow
- **Technical Expertise:** OTECH already possesses the institutional knowledge and technical capabilities necessary for effective AI oversight
- **Stakeholder Coordination:** OTECH can work with applicable stakeholders to identify and coordinate with other relevant agencies as needed

The Office of Civil Defense has identified several priority areas where AI regulation will directly impact our mission to protect Guam's residents and infrastructure, namely:

- AI technologies are rapidly changing the skills needed in emergency management and public safety sectors. We must ensure our workforce remains capable of operating AI-enhanced systems while maintaining the human expertise essential during crisis situations. This includes training personnel to understand AI decision-making processes and maintain operational capability when AI systems fail. Equally important is ensuring just compensation to recruit and retain personnel with these competitive, low-density, highly sought-after indispensable skills. Without competitive compensation structures, Guam risks losing critical expertise to mainland opportunities, potentially compromising our emergency response capabilities.
- AI systems increasingly control and monitor our power grids, water treatment facilities, telecommunications networks, port operations, and transportation systems. These AI-dependent infrastructures require robust cybersecurity standards and fail-safe mechanisms to prevent catastrophic failures during natural disasters or cyber-attacks that could leave our island particularly vulnerable given our geographic isolation.
- AI applications in emergency alert systems, multi-agency coordination platforms, and resource allocation tools offer significant benefits but also create new points of failure. We need regulatory standards ensuring these systems remain reliable



under extreme conditions and can operate independently when network connectivity is compromised.

- AI-powered predictive analytics, threat assessment systems, and automated response protocols must be carefully regulated to ensure they enhance rather than replace human judgment in life-or-death situations. This is particularly critical in our small island community where personal relationships and local knowledge are essential components of effective emergency response.
- As adversaries increasingly use AI for cyber-attacks, disinformation campaigns, and targeting critical infrastructure, we need regulatory frameworks that address both defensive AI capabilities and protection against AI-enabled threats. This includes establishing standards for AI system integrity and preventing the malicious use of AI against our community.
- Emergency management systems collect highly sensitive information about residents, including health data, location information, and vulnerability assessments. AI regulatory frameworks must ensure this data is protected from breaches while remaining accessible for legitimate emergency response needs.

I respectfully recommend that if the bill is modified to assign AI regulatory responsibilities to OTECH, the following elements should be included to ensure comprehensive homeland security and emergency management considerations:

- Requirements for ongoing AI literacy training for emergency management personnel, certification programs for operating AI-enhanced emergency systems, and compensation frameworks that enable recruitment and retention of personnel with specialized AI-related skills in competition with private sector and mainland opportunities
- Mandatory cybersecurity standards, redundancy requirements, and fail-safe mechanisms for AI systems controlling essential services
- Standards ensuring AI-powered alert systems and coordination platforms remain operational during disasters and network disruptions
- Clear protocols for AI decision-making in emergency situations, including human oversight requirements and liability frameworks
- Guidelines for defending against AI-enabled attacks and protocols for responding to AI system compromises

- Requirements ensuring AI systems can communicate across agencies and maintain operations during emergencies
- Special provisions for handling sensitive emergency data processed by AI systems while maintaining rapid response capabilities
- OTECH must receive appropriate funding to undertake these expanded AI regulatory responsibilities effectively

Bill No. 64-38 represents a proactive approach to managing the opportunities and challenges that AI presents to our island community. From a homeland security perspective, establishing clear regulatory guidelines now will help ensure that as we adopt AI technologies to better serve and protect our people, we do so in a manner that strengthens rather than compromises our security and resilience.

We support the intent of this bill while recommending that AI regulatory responsibilities be permanently assigned to OTECH rather than creating a temporary task force. This approach ensures long-term oversight of this evolving technology while providing operational efficiency and leveraging existing technical expertise.

The Offices of Guam Homeland Security and Civil Defense stand ready to support the Legislature, OTECH, and this vital regulatory framework in developing comprehensive AI regulations that protect our community while enabling beneficial innovation.

Thank you for your consideration of this vital legislation. I am available to answer any questions you may have.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse.

Very respectfully,



ESTHER J. C. AGUIGUI

Homeland Security Advisor/Acting Administrator

Office of the Governor of Guam, Offices of Homeland Security and Civil Defense

[esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov](mailto:esther.aguigui@ghs.guam.gov)

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**Website:** [www.gta.net](http://www.gta.net)

**Telephone:** (671) 644 4482

**Written Testimony by Kamia Dierking, Sr. Director Government Affairs, GTA  
on Bill No. 64-38 (Cor)  
Before the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations,  
Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement  
June 23, 2025**

Håfa Adai Senator Telo Taitague, Members of the Committee:

GTA appreciates the opportunity to provide input on the proposed legislation to establish the Guam Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Task Force. As a longstanding local company that supports Guam's digital infrastructure, GTA values the opportunity to offer a perspective rooted in connectivity, security, and community impact.

GTA supports the responsible development and use of artificial intelligence. We already use AI to improve network performance and enhance customer experience. These tools help us identify issues faster, help our customer care teams respond to customers more efficiently, and ensure our networks remain reliable and secure. These are simple but powerful examples of how AI can improve the customer experience and create operational efficiency.

While GTA is not an AI developer, we play a critical role in enabling AI applications through infrastructure. High-speed fiber networks, low-latency connectivity, secure data centers, and international cable routes, like SEA-US, are essential building blocks that allow AI systems to work in real time, process large volumes of data, and support innovation at scale. Guam's ability to benefit from AI, whether through healthcare, education, or emergency response depends on this infrastructure.

We appreciate the committee's proactive approach in forming a task force to guide AI policy. We believe a thoughtful, balanced framework can help protect privacy and promote transparency, while avoiding the risks of fragmented or overly broad regulations that might unintentionally slow innovation. For example, in Colorado, state leaders passed comprehensive AI legislation but quickly faced concerns from developers and business



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leaders about unclear definitions and potential overreach. That legislation was ultimately repealed before it could be implemented.<sup>1</sup>

GTA welcomes the inclusive structure proposed in this bill. We believe strong AI policy requires collaboration between government, academia, and the private sector. We also encourage the task force to keep infrastructure in mind as a critical part of Guam's AI readiness. Continued investment in fiber, data centers, and international connectivity and the government support needed to plan and permit these projects will be just as important as algorithms or policy language.

In closing, GTA supports this legislation and is ready to participate. We look forward to helping shape a plan that works for our island, supports innovation, protects our people, and ensures Guam is equipped for the digital future ahead.

Thank you for your consideration.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse,

Kamia Dierking  
Senior Director, Government Affairs  
GTA  
624 North Marine Corps Dr  
Tamuning, Guam 96913  
671-488-2020

<sup>1</sup> [\*Colorado AI legislation update: Jesse Paul, "Colorado's sweeping AI law is now dead. Here's why," The Colorado Sun, May 5, 2025.\*](#)



DOCOMO PACIFIC

June 23, 2025

The Honorable Senator Telo Taitague  
Chairperson, Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology,  
Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement  
*I Mina 'trentai Ocho na Liheslaturan Guåhan*  
Suite 407 DNA Building  
238 Archbishop Flores St.  
Hagåtña, Guam 96910

**Subject: Support for Bill No. 64-38 (COR) – Establishing the Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Task Force**

Dear Senator Taitague and Members of the Committee,

Thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony in support of Bill No. 64-38, which proposes the creation of the Guam Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Task Force.

As a telecommunications provider serving Guam and the CNMI, we believe this bill is an important step in guiding responsible AI use across government, private sector, and the community as a whole. The use of AI has allowed for increases in productivity, analysis of data, prediction models; and has been useful in many industries to improve and solve a vast array of issues. In our operations, AI has played a role in enhancing operational processes to improve our customer service and operations.

However, with these advancements come critical concerns. AI systems gather and process vast amounts of data; raising important questions about where this information is stored and how it's protected. Aside from privacy and data security, there are ethical concerns related to the manipulation of data, misuse for nefarious intentions, and accountability. Currently, there is no formal policy from the Department of Justice and Department of Homeland Security regarding the use of AI in the workplace, which makes this legislation even more timely.

At DOCOMO PACIFIC, we adhere to preserving all customer proprietary network information and data and have internal policies that guide our use of AI. We will be launching a program that educates our teams on how to use AI ethically and effectively. Further, our Chief Information Security Officer maintains close contact with the Department of Justice and the Department of Homeland Security on these matters to ensure we are cognizant of threat in the use of AI, and how we can mitigate them. This is not the case for many sectors and establishments throughout the island.

This is why we fully support the intent and passage of the Bill. Should you require it, we are prepared to share our experiences and technical insights with the Task Force. We thank you for your leadership and look forward to contributing to Guam's responsible and secure AI future.

Sincerely,

Christine Baleto  
President and CEO  
DOCOMO PACIFIC



Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

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**Recommendations for Bill No. 64-38**

1 message

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**Jim Lacson** [REDACTED]@gmail.com>

23 June 2025 at 11:20

To: senatortelot.charissa@gmail.com, senatortelot@gmail.com

Telo and team,

Please note that I am submitting these recommendations as a private citizen. I do not speak on behalf of Joint Region Marianas or the Navy.

Thanks,

Jim Lacson

Recommendations

- Consider including a representative from the Guam Bar Association in the AI task force. Some local lawyers already utilize AI, so they would be able to provide both a practical and legal perspective on the potential impacts of AI across the business and local communities
- The taskforce should look into a plan on how the educational system can facilitate workforce development to ensure that Guam can leverage the emergent advantages of AI.
- As part of its implementation strategy, the taskforce could propose use cases for the implementation of AI to improve the delivery of government services. For example, currently available AI tools provide more concise information about GovGuam services than GovGuam websites. Incorporating AI tools into government websites would appear to be low hanging fruit.





Senator Telo Taitague <senatortelot@gmail.com>

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## John O'Connor - comments/testimony for Bill 64-38

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John O'Connor <john@postguam.com>

27 June 2025 at 21:42

To: "senatortelot@gmail.com" <senatortelot@gmail.com>

Hello Sen. Taitague,

Apologies for the late email. Here are my thoughts on Bill 64-38, which seeks to establish an AI regulatory task force.

I don't know much about AI other than general knowledge, but even then, I understand there are concerns with the technology.

If I would have any input at this time, it would be that AI poses an issue for misinformation, particularly when it comes to generated images/video/audio. It will become much more difficult to parse AI generated media as the tech progresses (for example, I've seen some advertisements that appear to use AI audio, but I can't be sure). From a reporter's standpoint, this only stresses the need to do what we already do - confirm the information being brought to us. But it's not difficult to see how others could fall victim to sharing misinformation or lies generated by AI.

AI does have its uses, however. I don't use any AI tools myself, but I understand they can be used to transcribe audio and summarize information. So there are potential benefits for people in my field, but since I don't use these tools, I can't speak to what they are or how accurate they are.

Regards,

John O'Connor

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Senator Telo Taitague &lt;senatortelot@gmail.com&gt;

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**Written testimony in support of Bill No. 64-38**

1 message

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**Pauly Suba** <[REDACTED]@gmail.com>  
To: senatortelot@gmail.com

26 June 2025 at 15:11

Håfa Adai Senator and Chairperson Telo Taitague and members of the committee on Technology,

My name is Paul Suba II, or Pauly as most people know me. I'm submitting this testimony as a private citizen and as someone who also works in media.

I want to express my full support for Bill 64-38, which would create the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Task Force.

AI is moving fast, and while the technology offers some great possibilities, it also comes with serious concerns that we shouldn't ignore.

Working in media, I've seen how easily misinformation can spread. With AI now able to generate realistic fake videos, photos, audio, and even articles, the potential to deceive the public is more real than ever. I strongly believe that businesses and government agencies that create media using AI should be clearly labeled as such.

**This could be done by providing disclaimers.**  
**For example:**

**For digital artwork, photos, or illustrations:**  
**"This image was created using artificial intelligence."**

**For podcasts, voiceovers, or music with synthetic vocals:**  
**"Some voices in this audio have been generated by AI."**

**For deepfake videos, animations, or synthetic news clips:**  
**This video contains AI generated visuals and/or characters."**

**For articles, captions, or social media posts written with AI help:**  
**"This text was produced or assisted by AI."**

**For general use for games, apps, or mixed media:**  
**"This product uses AI-generated content for entertainment purposes."**

The responsible thing to do is to identify what is AI generated so that people know what's real and what isn't.

Bill 64 doesn't aim to stop progress. It's about making sure we keep up with it in a way that protects the public. Setting up a task force made up of people from government, education, and the private sector is a smart move. We need that kind of collaboration if we're going to build guidelines that make sense.

The bill calls for the task force to look into how AI impacts privacy, civil rights, and fairness. It also focuses on preventing algorithmic bias, protecting data, and making sure any use of AI in government is transparent and accountable.

At the very least, we owe it to the people of Guam to be upfront and honest when AI is being used.

Thank you for the chance to share my thoughts. This testimony was written by me and edited using Grammarly to help catch any grammatical errors and make sure my message was clear.

If you have any questions or would like to follow up, I can be reached at (671) [REDACTED] or by email at [REDACTED]@gmail.com.

Si Yu'os ma'âse',  
(Pauly) Paul Suba II



## **WRITTEN TESTIMONY ON BILL NO. 64-38 (COR)**

*Submitted by David Macapinlac, President, MacTech Guam*

*June 23, 2025*

### **Håfa Adai Senator Taitague and Members of the Committee,**

My name is David Macapinlac, and I serve as President of MacTech Guam. I appreciate the opportunity to provide testimony on Bill No. 64-38 (COR), which proposes the establishment of the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Task Force.

MacTech has been a trusted technology provider on island for over a decade. Our work spans hardware infrastructure, software deployment, systems support, and digital modernization for both public and private sector clients. We are deeply familiar with how emerging technologies—particularly artificial intelligence—are already reshaping operations, analytics, and security across the organizations we support.

The establishment of this task force is a timely and necessary step. Artificial intelligence presents clear benefits for efficiency and growth, but also introduces important challenges around privacy, data governance, ethical use, and long-term accountability. A well-structured framework will help Guam navigate this landscape responsibly while remaining competitive.

In that spirit, I respectfully offer the following recommendations for consideration:

1. **Ensure representation from implementation professionals.** Regulatory frameworks are most effective when informed by those responsible for deploying and maintaining the technologies in question. Operational insight from local providers will help ensure practical and sustainable policymaking.
2. **Foster innovation alongside regulation.** AI can be a powerful tool for economic development. The regulatory approach should support responsible adoption while avoiding unnecessary complexity that may hinder participation, especially among small and mid-sized local firms.
3. **Establish a formal mechanism for ongoing private-sector engagement.** In addition to the Chamber seat, I recommend forming an advisory group that includes Guam-based technology leaders. Continuous dialogue will be essential as the pace of AI development accelerates.
4. **Align AI regulation with workforce readiness.** The long-term success of AI implementation depends on the availability of a qualified local workforce. I encourage the task force to work closely with education and training institutions to align certification and skills development with anticipated regulatory needs. I also urge the Legislature to consider appropriating funding to the University of Guam, Guam Community College, and qualified private education providers to support the development of applied AI programs tailored to Guam's workforce.



MacTech supports the creation of this task force and the broader intent of this legislation. I am open to contributing further, should the task force or its working groups seek additional private-sector input.

Thank you for your leadership in bringing this important conversation forward.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'DM', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

**David Macapinlac**  
President, MacTech Guam  
dave@mactechguam.com  
(671) [REDACTED]

535 Chalan Pale Ramon Haya,  
STE 116 PMB 1250,  
Yigo, GU 96929  
<https://tentechinc.com>  
(671) 689-5041

June 23, 2025

Office of Senator Telo Taitague  
I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan  
Guam Congress Building  
Hagatna, GU 96910

## **RE: Testimony in Support of Bill No. 64-38 (COR) – AI Regulatory Task Force**

Håfa Adai Senator Taitague and Members of the Committee:

On behalf of Ten Technologies Inc., we express our strong support for the intent and direction of Bill No. 64-38 (COR), establishing the Guam Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Task Force.

As a Guam-based technology company specializing in IT infrastructure, cybersecurity, and digital transformation, we believe this Task Force is timely, necessary, and strategically critical for Guam's digital future.

We respectfully submit the following recommendations to help strengthen the framework and ensure a well-balanced approach between regulation, security, and innovation:

### **1. Inclusion of Industry Experts from Cybersecurity and AI Deployment**

While the Task Force includes valuable government and academic voices, we strongly recommend adding private sector expertise.

**Suggested Addition: A non-voting industry advisor appointed from a registered Guam-based IT or cybersecurity company.**

This will ensure technical realities, best practices in procurement, and security challenges are factored into decision-making.

### **2. Procurement Guidelines for AI Systems in Government**

We recommend the creation of minimum standards for government AI procurements, including:

- Data residency requirements (U.S. or Guam-hosted data).



- Vendor accountability clauses.
- Alignment with NIST AI Risk Management Framework or with current Gov Guam Cybersecurity policies encompassing procurement.

As a systems integrator supporting public agencies, we have seen the critical need for such safeguards to prevent misuse or integration risks.

### **3. Establishment of a Government AI Systems Audit**

Before new regulations are applied, we suggest conducting a baseline inventory of all AI or algorithm-driven systems currently in use across government agencies, including those embedded in analytics, automation, surveillance, or chatbot systems.

### **4. Support for AI Workforce Development and Innovation**

We applaud the inclusion of a working group on education and workforce development. As a technology provider on island, we're committed to partnerships with UOG, GCC, and others to build a local AI- and cybersecurity-skilled workforce.

We suggest incorporating language to allow:

- Public-private partnerships for internship/apprenticeship programs.
- Incentives for companies building AI solutions locally in compliance with Task Force standards.

### **5. Role for Guam Businesses in Economic Development Group**

To unlock Guam's potential as a digital hub in the region, local tech businesses must be empowered and involved in shaping how AI supports economic development. We recommend allowing local startups and integrators to be part of the Task Force's innovation discussions.

In closing, Ten Technologies Inc. commends the Legislature for proactively addressing the opportunities and challenges of artificial intelligence. We are ready to support the Task Force with technical insights, infrastructure planning, and stakeholder education as Guam navigates this transformative path.

Si Yu'us Ma'åse' for your leadership. Please feel free to contact us if we can be of further assistance.

Respectfully,

**Felipe C. Tenido Jr.**

President/Chairman

Ten Technologies Incorporated

felipe.tenido@tentechinc.com


(671) 689-5041



*Office of Senator Christopher M. Dueñas*  
CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

**COMMITTEE VOTE SHEET**

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR) As Amended by Author - “AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND AMEND § 12.106 (f) OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.”**

Committee Members	Signature	TO DO PASS	TO NOT PASS	TO REPORT OUT ONLY	TO ABSTAIN	TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE
<b>Senator Christopher M. Dueñas</b> <i>Chairperson</i>				X		
<b>Senator V. Anthony Ada</b> <i>Vice Chairperson</i>	Evote 11/11/25	X				
<b>Senator Frank F. Blas, Jr.</b> <i>Member</i>						
<b>Senator Sabrina Salas Matanane</b> <i>Member</i>	Evote 11/11/25			X		
<b>Senator Jesse A. Lujan</b> <i>Member</i>	Evote 11/11/25	X				
<b>Senator Vincent A.V. Borja</b> <i>Member</i>	Evote 11/11/25			X		
<b>Senator Tina Rose Muña Barnes</b> <i>Member</i>	Evote 11/11/25			X		
<b>Senator Joe S. San Agustin</b> <i>Member</i>	Evote 11/11/25	X				

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**E-Vote for Bill #64-38**

7 messages

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**Karl Pangelinan** <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov>  
To: cmdcommittee@guamlegislature.gov

Tue, Nov 11, 2025 at 11:49 AM

Hafa Adai Committee Members:

Please find committee report attached for Bill #64-38 - Sen. Telo Taitague - "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND AMEND § 12.106 (f) OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."

Your action on this measure is respectfully requested.

Kindly indicate your preferred course of action by selecting one of the following options:

TO DO PASS

TO NOT PASS

TO REPORT OUT ONLY

TO ABSTAIN

TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE

Please submit your response as soon as possible by **REPLY ALL** to this email. Your responses will be logged into the vote sheet, which will be submitted as part of the final Committee Report to the Committee on Rules.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse' for your prompt attention to this matter.

Respectfully yours,  
Karl Pangelinan  
Office of Senator Chris M. Duenas - Chairman Finance & Gov't Operation

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 **CR Bill 64-38 COR As Amended by Author Committee.pdf**  
10967K

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**Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada** <vicespeakertonyada@guamlegislature.gov>  
To: Karl Pangelinan <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov>  
Cc: cmdcommittee@guamlegislature.gov

Tue, Nov 11, 2025 at 1:26 PM

To do pass

On Nov 11, 2025, at 11:50 AM, Karl Pangelinan <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov> wrote:

[Quoted text hidden]

&lt;CR Bill 64-38 COR As Amended by Author Committee.pdf&gt;

To: "Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada" <vicespeakertonyada@guamlegislature.gov>  
Cc: Karl Pangelinan <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov>, cmdcommittee@guamlegislature.gov

To do pass.



**Office of Majority Leader Jesse A. Lujan**

*Chairman, Committee on Transportation, Tourism, Customs, Utilities and Federal & Foreign Affairs*

**259 Martyr St., Hagatna, Guam 96910**

**senator.lujan@guamlegislature.gov**

**(671) 969-6525**

[Quoted text hidden]

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**Joe S. San Agustin** <senatorjoessanagustin@gmail.com>

Tue, Nov 11, 2025 at 1:38 PM

To: Senator Jesse Lujan <senator.lujan@guamlegislature.gov>

Cc: "Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada" <vicespeakertonyada@guamlegislature.gov>, Karl Pangelinan <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov>, cmdcommittee@guamlegislature.gov

To do pass

**The Office of Senator Joe S. San Agustin**

*I Mina'trentai Ocho na Liheslaturan Guåhan*

38th Guam Legislature

Guam Congress Building, 163 Chalan Santo Papa, Hagåtña, Guam 96910

T: (671) 989-5445 F: (671) 969-6737 E: [senatorjoessanagustin@gmail.com](mailto:senatorjoessanagustin@gmail.com)

Website: [www.senatorjoessanagustin.com](http://www.senatorjoessanagustin.com)

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**Senator Tina Rose Muña-Barnes** <senator.munabarnes@guamlegislature.gov>

Tue, Nov 11, 2025 at 1:55 PM

To: Karl Pangelinan <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov>

Cc: cmdcommittee@guamlegislature.gov

To report out

[Quoted text hidden]

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**Office of Legislative Secretary Senator Sabrina Salas Matanane**

Tue, Nov 11, 2025 at

<office.senatorbri@guamlegislature.gov>

2:49 PM

To: Senator Tina Rose Muña-Barnes <senator.munabarnes@guamlegislature.gov>

Cc: Karl Pangelinan <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov>, cmdcommittee@guamlegislature.gov

To report out only



**Office of Legislative Secretary**

**SENATOR SABBINA SALAS MATANANE**

*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan | 38th Guam Legislature*

Chairperson, Committee on Health and Veterans Affairs

163 W. Chalan Santo Papa, Hagåtña, Guam 96910

☎ office.senatorbri@guamlegislature.gov

☎ 671-989-2572

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[Quoted text hidden]

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**Office of Senator Borja** <contact@senatorvinceborja.com>

Tue, Nov 11, 2025 at 2:50 PM

To: Office of Legislative Secretary Senator Sabrina Salas Matanane <office.senatorbri@guamlegislature.gov>

Cc: Senator Tina Rose Muña-Barnes <senator.munabarnes@guamlegislature.gov>, Karl Pangelinan <karl.p@guamlegislature.gov>, cmdcommittee@guamlegislature.gov

To report out

[Quoted text hidden]



## Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

### COMMITTEE REPORT DIGEST

#### I. OVERVIEW

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)** was introduced on Wednesday, February 19, 2025, by Senator Telo Taitague. **Bill No. 64-38 (COR)** was referred by the Committee on Rules to the Committee on Finance and Government Operations on Wednesday, February 26, 2025. Pursuant to the Guam Legislature's Standing Rules, Rule VI, Section 6.01, 1(a) Processing of Bills, the Committee on *Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Elections, and Retirement* convened a public hearing on June 23, 2025, 2:00p.m. in the Guam Congress Building, Public Hearing Room.

#### **Public Notice Requirement:**

In compliance with Open Government Law, a five (5) day public notice of this hearing was published on Monday, June 16, 2025, and a forty-eight (48) hour notice was published on Friday, June 20, 2025, on KUAM-TV and on the Guam Public Notice Website. Notices were also sent to all senators, and all main media broadcasting outlets via email on the same dates.

#### **Senators Present:**

Senator Telo Taitague, Chairperson  
Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada  
Senator Therese M. Terlaje  
Senator Chris Barnett  
Senator William A. Parkinson  
Senator Sabrina Salas Matanane  
Senator Shawn Gumataotao

#### **Appearing Before the Senate Panel:**

Nicole Nelson, Acting Chief Technology Officer, OTECH  
Dan Tydingco, Chief Legal, Compliance and Regulatory Officer, Docomo Pacific  
Charlie Hermosa  
Robert Torres, Chief Justice, Judiciary of Guam



Esther Aguigui, Security Adviser, Guam Homeland Security

Lucia Perez, Special Projects Coordinator, Guam Homeland Security & Office of Civil Defense

Lola Leon Guerrero, Director, Bureau of Statistics & Plans (BSP)

Curtis Van De Veld

Eleazar Tandoc, Security Program Manager, Docomo Pacific

Jared Roberto, Public Relations Manager, Docomo Pacific

**Written Testimony Submitted:**

Esther Aguigui, Security Adviser, Guam Homeland Security

Felipe C. Tenido Jr., President/Chairman, Ten Technologies Incorporated

(Pauly) Paul Suba II

Frank L.G. Lujan, Jr., Chief Technology Officer, OTECH

David Macapinlac, President, MacTech Guam

Lucia Perez, Special Projects Coordinator, Guam Homeland Security & Office of Civil Defense

John O' Connor, Post Guam

Robert Torres, Chief Justice, Judiciary of Guam

Jim Lacson

Carlos Bordallo, Deputy Administrator, GEDA

Christine Baleto, President and CEO, Docomo Pacific

Lola Leon Guerrero, Director, Bureau of Statistics & Plans (BSP)

Kamia Dierking, Senior Director, Government Affairs, GTA

**II. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY & DISCUSSION**

The Public Hearing was Called-to-Order at 2:00pm. Bill No. 64-38 (COR), "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS." was the first item on the agenda.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** *Bueñas yan háfa adai, guahu si* Telo Taitague. This public hearing is now called to order and the time now is 2:00 p.m. Good afternoon to you all and those who might be watching from home. And to those who are here today, welcome to the



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

people's house. For the record, today is Monday, June 23rd, 2025. And this hearing will be conducted by myself, chairwoman of the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Technology, Regulatory Affairs, Justice, Election, and Retirement. To comply with the open government law, notice of this hearing was disseminated to all senators and the public at large via email and published at KUAM on Monday, June 16, 2025, and the second notice on Friday, June 20th, 2025. Notice of this hearing was available on the Guam Legislature website and the government of Guam Public Notice Portal.

I would like to welcome my colleagues who are joining me today. To my far right, Vice Speaker Tony Ada. Thank you, sir. Senator Shawn Gumataotao and Senator Therese Terlaje. Thank you, senators, for being here on this important legislation. We have the following bills on the agenda today, Bill 64-38 and Bill 61-38 (COR). Before we discuss the bill, I want to say that some of the rules of engagement, I ask that you comply with that and respectfully conduct yourself professionally and respect each other's opinion. When asked, please make sure you speak directly into the microphone and state your name and title for recordkeeping purposes. I ask that the panel members remain in the room for questions or if you have to leave for a pressing meeting, please let me know ahead of time and I'll gladly excuse you.

Questions and testimonies shall be confined to the substantive nature of the bill on the agenda. Individuals who do not comply with these rules will be removed from the room and prohibited from further participation. For my colleagues, copies of the legislation and documents received ahead of this hearing can be accessed through the Google Drive link that was emailed to all my colleagues and for the public, you can find this on the Google Drive. And you can also find the legislation on the Guam Legislatures' website at [guamlegislature.gov](http://guamlegislature.gov). So, the first bill that we will be hearing. Let me get this bill. Okay. So, one moment. Okay. The first bill we'll be hearing is Bill 64-38 (COR) introduced by myself, Senator Chris Barnett, Speaker Frank Blas, Senator Sabina Perez, Senator Shelley Calvo, Senator and Vice Speaker Anthony Ada, and Senator Therese Terlaje.

This is "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS."

The bill received a fiscal note provided by BBMR on March 5th, 2025. Also, our legal counsel has reviewed the bill and has no recommendations or changes or amendments to this bill at this time. The public hearing invitations for Bill 64 was sent out to the following: Office of Technology, GTA,

Docomo, IT&E, MacTech Guam, Ten Technologies, Office of the Attorney General, Judiciary of Guam, Guam Chamber of Commerce, Office of Infrastructure Policy and Development, Bureau of Statistics and Plans, GEDA, Guam Memorial Hospital, Joint Region Marianas, Guam Homeland Security and Office of Civil Defense, GPD, GIAA, and UOG.

I'm sure there were some other people that we've invited at the last minute, so. Okay, so that, before I get started with my opening remarks, I also would like to recognize Senator Barnett who's with us and also Senator Sabrina Salas Matanane. Thank you, colleagues, for being here. Okay. So, we'll get started with Bill 64-38 with my opening remarks. We stand at a defining moment in human history, an era where artificial intelligence is no longer the stuff of science fiction, but a powerful force that is transforming the way we live, work, and interact. AI is a gamechanger with endless possibilities to revolutionize our health care, education, public safety, economic development, and virtually every sector of our society.

From algorithms that help doctors detect diseases earlier, to tools that make government service more efficient, to innovations that drive new industries, AI offers tremendous benefits. But along these opportunities come equally significant challenges and risks. Issues such as data privacy, algorithmic bias, threats to civil liberties, and impacts on jobs, social equity, demand on our attention, which demand our attention. Guam is not immune to these developments. Our small island community deserves thoughtful, proactive, proactive government governance to ensure we harness AI's potential for good, while protecting our rights and values in our constitution and organic act. That is why Bill 64-38 seeks to establish the Guam artificial intelligence regulatory task force to ensure we are not simply reacting to these changes. But thoughtfully preparing but thoughtfully preparing for them. And let us be clear, the word regulatory in this task force name is not meant to signal restrictions or stifle innovations. Rather, it reflects our intent to monitor, to study, and to try and guide AI development in Guam.

This task force will focus on promoting safety, efficiency, and transparency, supporting research, and helping our island make informed decisions about how AI is developed. By bringing together leaders from the government, higher learning institutions and industry stakeholders, this task force will help us build a framework that protects the rights, prevents harm, and encourages responsible AI implementation and application that benefits all of Guam, especially those who are often left behind. Let us seize the opportunity to lead and with foresight and integrity ensure that all AI serves as a tool to uplift our people and not harm them. And at this time, we have Zoom and very appropriate, you know keeping the techie rolling, we have the Office of Technology, who I would like to go first if that's okay. So, please introduce yourself and your title. Okay. We can't hear you. Hold on. Okay. Okay. Try again, Nicole.

**NICOLE NELSON, ACTING CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER, OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY (OTECH):** Can you hear me now?





## Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** A little bit more. Can we turn her up just a little bit more? Okay, Nicole, go ahead.

**NICOLE NELSON, ACTING CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER, OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY (OTECH):** Can you hear me now?

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Yes, I can hear you now. Thank you. You may proceed.

**NICOLE NELSON, ACTING CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER, OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY (OTECH):** Okay. My name is Nicole Nelson. I'm the systems and programming administrator with the Office of Technology, but I'm currently the acting chief technology officer while Frank Lujan Jr. is off island. I'm going to go ahead and read his testimony.

*Håfa adai, Chairwoman Taitague and distinguished members of the Committee on Economic Investment, Military Buildup, Regional Relations, Regulatory Affairs, Technology, Justice, Elections, and Retirement. My name is Nicole Nelson and I'm the acting CTO for the government of Guam in the absence of our chief technology officer who is currently traveling. I'm here today to read the testimony on behalf of the Office of Technology regarding Bill No. 64-38, a crucial piece of legislation that seeks to establish a regulatory framework for artificial intelligence in Guam. This testimony was written by the CTO, Mr. Frank L.G. Lujan, Jr. First and foremost, I want to commend the sponsors of this bill for their foresight and proactive approach in addressing the rapid advancements of artificial intelligence. As section one of this bill rightly states, AI technologies are indeed rapidly advancing and being deployed across both public and private sectors, offering significant benefits while also presenting novel challenges to individual rights, privacy, due process, and equal protection. The establishment of an AI regulatory task force is a vital step in ensuring that Guam is prepared to harness the potential of AI responsibly and ethically, safeguarding the rights of our people. From the perspective of the Office of Technology, we wholeheartedly support the intent of this bill.*

*As the central agency responsible for guiding technological advancement within the government of Guam, OTECH recognizes the profound impact AI will have on our operations, services, and economy. It is imperative that we develop a comprehensive and agile framework that fosters innovation while mitigating risks.*

*In reviewing Bill No. 64-38, I would like to offer a specific recommendation for your consideration that I believe will strengthen its effectiveness and ensure the long-term success of AI governance in Guam. We strongly recommend that an explicit AI related task be included within the existing OTECH law codified in 5*

*GCA Chapter 1 Article 12. Integrating this responsibility directly into OTECH statutory mandate would solidify our role in the ongoing development and oversight of AI policies and implementations.*

*It would clearly delineate OTECH as a primary stakeholder and an essential contributor to the AI regulatory task force, leveraging our technical expertise and institutional knowledge. This integration would also ensure continuity and accountability regardless of changes in administration or personnel. Furthermore, and critically, this respective AI task within OTECH must be adequately funded. The successful development and implementation of an AI regulatory framework, including participation and support of the proposed task force, will require dedicated resources for research, policy development, technical expertise, and potentially new infrastructure or training. Without sufficient funding, even the most well-intentioned legislative mandates can fall short of their objectives. We urge the committee to consider the financial implications of this undertaking and ensure that the necessary appropriations are allocated to empower OTECH to fulfill this vital role effectively. By embedding an AI specific task within GCA Chapter 1 Article 12 and providing the necessary funding, we can ensure that OTECH is not only a participant in this critical endeavor, but a central, empowered, and enduring force in guiding Guam's AI future. I wholeheartedly support the underlying premise of Bill No. 64-38, the necessity of establishing a comprehensive regulatory framework for AI in Guam. Without clear guidelines, standards, and oversight, the potential risks associated with AI, such as bias, privacy infringements, job displacement, and algorithmic discrimination, could undermine the very benefits we seek to achieve. A well-crafted regulatory framework will foster responsible innovation. By providing clear boundary boundaries and expectations, we can encourage the ethical development and deployment of AI without stifling innovation.*

*Protect our citizens. Safeguarding individual rights, privacy, and ensuring due process in the age of AI is paramount. This bill's explicit mention of protecting constitutional and organic act rights is crucial. Promote public trust. A transparent and accountable regulatory environment will build public confidence in AI technologies used by both government and private entities. Ensure equitable outcomes. Proactive regulation can help mitigate algorithmic bias and ensure that AI systems serve all segments of our community fairly. Enhance government efficiency and effectiveness. As the government increasingly explores AI solutions, a regulatory framework will guide responsible adoption and ensure public sector AI initiatives align with our core values and legal obligations. Key considerations and recommendations. While I strongly support the intent, I offer the following considerations and recommendations to further strengthen the bill and ensure its effective implementation.*

*Number one, composition of the AI regulatory task force. The success of this task force will hinge on the expertise and diversity of its members. I recommend a multi - disciplinary approach including technical experts. These are individuals with deep knowledge of AI technologies, machine learning and data science. Legal scholars, experts in constitutional law, privacy law and administrative law. Ethicists, those who can guide the development of ethical AI principles. Industry representatives to provide practical insights into AI deployment and its impact on various sectors. Civil society advocates to represent public interests, privacy concerns, and equity issues. Government agency representatives to ensure the framework addresses the specific needs and challenges of public sector AI adoption. I recommend specific representation from the office of technology given our agency's role in government technology strategy and implementation.*



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CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

*Number two, scope of the task force mandate. The bill outlines the task force's role in developing a comprehensive framework. I suggest clarifying whether this framework will encompass, data governance, standards for data collection, storage, use and sharing in the context of AI, algorithmic transparency and explainability, requirements for understanding how AI systems make decisions, accountability mechanisms, clear lines of responsibility for AI system errors or harms, risk assessment and mitigation, frameworks for identifying and addressing potential risks associated with AI deployment. Public awareness and education strategies to inform the public about AI and its implications.*

*Number three, timeline and resources. Establishing a comprehensive regulatory framework for a rapidly evolving technology like AI is a significant undertaking. I recommend realistic timelines, ensuring the task force has adequate time to conduct thorough research, stakeholder consultations, and draft a robust framework. Adequate funding, providing the necessary resources for the task force to operate effectively, including funding for expert consultations, research, and administrative support.*

*Number four, collaboration and best practices. The global landscape of AI regulation is still nascent but rapidly evolving. I encourage the task force to review international best practices, learn from approaches taken by other jurisdictions such as the European Union's AI Act and frameworks proposed by NIST, the National Institute of Standards and Technology in the United States. Engage with federal agencies. Collaborate with relevant US federal agencies that are also grappling with AI regulation to ensure alignment where appropriate and leverage existing resources.*

*Number five, iterative approach. AI technology will continue to advance. The regulatory framework developed by the task force should ideally be designed to be adaptable and evolve over time, allowing for future amendments and updates as the technology matures and new challenges emerge.*

*In conclusion, Bill No. 64-38 represents a crucial and timely step for Guam in addressing the opportunities and challenges presented by artificial intelligence. By establishing a dedicated task force to develop a comprehensive regulatory framework, we can ensure that AI is developed and deployed responsibly, ethically, and in a manner that benefits all residents of Guam while safeguarding our fundamental rights. I stand ready to provide any technical assistance or support that the legislature may require in the development and implementation of this vital legislation. Thank you for your time and consideration. Si Yu'os ma'ase.*

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Thank you Nicole for bringing that testimony to the public hearing. And I do know that you have you're still involved with the IRT readiness training for cyber security with 55 members who came to Guam from DC, the core team being a part of the US Air Force Reserve. So, appreciate all the hard work that your office is doing and working



with them that are here. So, will you be able to stick around for some questions that the senators may have or you have to go back to?

**NICOLE NELSON, ACTING CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER, OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY (OTECH):** I actually have to run but I can gather, the questions can be gathered I can give them to Frank.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Okay, that sounds good.

**NICOLE NELSON, ACTING CHIEF TECHNOLOGY OFFICER, OFFICE OF TECHNOLOGY (OTECH):** We can get some answers.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Yeah. Yeah. No worries. No worries. We'll have a market meeting and you're sure that whatever questions they have will get them answered before the markup meeting. So, thank you so much. And at this time, because I know we're stretched for time, I'm going to now have Oh, before I begin, I would like to recognize Senator Parkinson, who's with us this afternoon as well. And at this time, I'd like to recognize Homeland Security/Civil Defense. You are now recognized.

**ESTHER AGUIGUI, SECURITY ADVISER, GUAM HOMELAND SECURITY:** Thank you, Senator Taitague. I am Esther Aguigui. I am the Guam Homeland Security Adviser and I'm also the Acting Administrator for the Office of Civil Defense. So, chairwoman before I proceed, I have a 3:00 event to attend. So, I beg your indulgence and allow me to attend that but also provide my oral testimony.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** I appreciate that. Thank you so much. You can begin.

**ESTHER AGUIGUI, SECURITY ADVISER, GUAM HOMELAND SECURITY:** Thank you ma'am. *Håfa adai*, Chairwoman Taitague and distinguished committee members. As the Adviser for Guam Homeland Security and the Acting Administrator for the Office of Civil Defense, I strongly support the intent of Bill No. 64-38 while recommending a slight structural modification. Rather than creating a temporary task force, we recommend assigning AI regulatory responsibilities permanently to the Office of Technology. This approach provides long-term oversight for technology that will be with us for decades, avoids complex task force procedural requirements, and leverages existing technical expertise. From a homeland security perspective, AI regulation isn't optional. It's essential for protecting our island security, for our people's safety. And some critical concerns include workforce development, critical infrastructure protection, emergency response reliability, and cyber security threats.

First, workforce development. AI is rapidly changing emergency management skills requirements. We need training standards and competitive compensation to recruit and retain personnel with these specialized skills. or we'll lose critical expertise to other opportunities, whether it be the mainland or here on the island. Secondly, our critical infrastructure protection, AI systems



## Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

increasingly control our power grids, water systems, and communications networks. Given our geographical isolation, we need robust cyber security standards and failsafe mechanisms to prevent catastrophic failures during disasters or cyber-attacks. Third, emergency response reliability. AI applications in emergency communications and coordination offer great benefits, but we need regulatory standards ensuring these systems remain operational when we need them most during actual emergencies.

And fourth, the cyber security threats. As adversaries use AI for attacks and disinformation, we need frameworks addressing both defensive AI capabilities and protection against AI enabled threats targeting our community. The regulatory framework must address Guam's unique vulnerabilities as an island territory while enabling beneficial innovation in emergency management and public safety. And in a show of respect for others test for other testifiers waiting to speak, I've submitted detailed written testimony with specific recommendation for OTECHs AI regulatory implementation, including the critical need for adequate funding to undertake these expanded responsibilities. The offices of Guam Homeland Security and Civil Defense stand ready to support this vital legislation and assist OTECH in developing comprehensive AI regulations. Thank you, *si Yu'os ma'åse*. And I'm happy to answer any questions.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Thank you. Lucia, you have testimony here. Are you going to testify on behalf of Homeland as well or civil? Oh, speak into the mic.

**LUCIA PEREZ, SPECIAL PROJECTS COORDINATOR, GUAM HOMELAND SECURITY & OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE:** I'll be testifying in my position as ESF2 emergency support function for telecommunication and as cyber security.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Okay, sounds good. Oh, you're recognized now. Lucia, please identify yourself.

**LUCIA PEREZ, SPECIAL PROJECTS COORDINATOR, GUAM HOMELAND SECURITY & OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE:** My name is Lucia Perez and I am a special projects coordinator handling the ESF2 functions which is telecommunications, cyber security and critical infrastructure for the office of civil defense and homeland security. Honorable Chairperson Taitague and members of the committee *si Yu'os ma'åse* for the opportunity to submit testimony in strong support of Bill No. 64-38 (COR) the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Act of 2025. This forward-looking legislation establishes the groundwork for responsible, effective and sustainable adoption of artificial intelligence (AI) across our government institutions and public facing services. It represents

a vital step in preparing Guam to responsibly harness the potential of AI while safeguarding public trust, national security, and the rights of our residents.

As AI tools become increasingly integrated into critical services, emergency response, public health, infrastructure management, and cyber security, our ability to govern these systems must match their complexity and rapid advancement. Bill No. 64-38 establishes a formal regulatory foundation to maximize the efficiency through automation, data integration and predictive analysis, ensure effectiveness and service delivery, operational decision making and mission critical functions and to maintain institutional and technical stability through governance, oversight and cross-sector readiness. To strengthen the implementation and long-term impact of this legislation, I respectfully offer the following aligned recommendations for inclusion and emphasis. AI regulatory authority should not only rest with a task force but be permanently established under the office of technology codified under OTECH. That way it establishes institutional continuity and they are established technical infrastructure and existing cross agency stakeholder networks. These are essential for the long-term stewardship of AI systems across Guam's public sector. To fulfill this expanded mandate, OTECH must be resourced appropriately, including dedicated budget lines for AI governance, the capacity to recruit, retrain, and retain personnel with AI relevant technical skills, and competitive pathways to counter workforce migration to federal and mainland markets. Without stable funding and talent, AI regulation risks become reactive instead of proactive. AI systems interfacing with critical infrastructure such as the energy grids, telecommunication, emergency alerts, and water systems must adhere to strict NIST, National Institution of Standards and Technology, align cyber security benchmarks.

They must undergo routine vulnerability assessments and include redundancy and failover protocols to ensure continuity during cyber-attacks, outages, and natural disasters. This is especially critical given Guam's geographic vulnerabilities and strategic defense role in the Indo-Pacific. The legislation should mandate ongoing AI literacy and training programs for our emergency management professionals, our public safety operators, health care and financial professionals, information technology and operational technology professionals and all regulatory personnel managing AI in operational environments and this includes both the private and public sector. Consideration should also be given to certification pathways for roles requiring high-risk AI use during crisis scenarios, ensuring operational integrity and accountability. No AI decision support system should override human judgment in life-or-death scenarios.

The bill should establish clear ethical standards, define boundaries for AI use in high-risk environments, and require human in the loop oversight for mission critical decisions. These measures ensure that technology remains a tool, not a substitute for expert decision making. AI platforms used during emergencies will necessarily access sensitive data. Regulatory language should enforce strict data privacy protocols for personally identifiable information, also known as PII, and provide for control flexibility to allow timely delivery of emergency aid to affected populations without jeopardizing data security or civil liberties. AI systems developed, procured or deployed by government agencies must be interoperable, particularly in disaster response





## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

coordination, threat assessment and resource allocation. This ensures that Guam's digital infrastructure evolves cohesively rather than as siloed or as a duplicative system. Bill No. 64-38 provides Guam with a timely and essential framework to govern artificial intelligence responsibly, securely, and with the forward-looking approach. I commend the author and sponsors for their leadership and encourage this body to strengthen the bill's implementation mechanisms by incorporating permanent oversight, funding, workforce development, and security protocols. This legislation establishes Guam as a national leader in responsible AI governance and a resilient Pacific hub for ethical innovation. I respectfully urge the legislature to pass Bill No. 64-38 with the enhancement described to ensure our island is both protected and empowered as we enter the next technological frontier. Thank you for your time, service, and commitment to Guam's future.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Thank you so much, Miss Perez. I know you do have to leave. So, please, you're excused if you'd like and then any questions that my colleagues may have for you directly. I'll make sure it gets to you and then you can provide those answers to us at a later time. But I greatly appreciate your time. Thank you. And at this time, I'd like to recognize our Chief Justice Torres. You are recognized, sir.

**ROBERT TORRES, CHIEF JUSTICE, JUDICIARY OF GUAM:** Thank you, Madam Chair, and members of the committee. Thank you for the invitation to testify on Bill 64-38, relative to establishing the Guam artificial intelligence regulatory task force. To develop a comprehensive framework for the regulation of artificial intelligence in the government of Guam and the private sector while protecting constitutional and organic act rights. Our mission at the judiciary is to deliver justice fairly and efficiently through transparent, inclusive and accessible court services. Technology is central to that mission. One of our strategic planning pillars, embracing and enhancing technology, which I chair, focuses on modern tools to improve court operations and access to justice. AI is one such tool with far reaching potential. It can analyze large amounts of case law and legal authorities. And it can also streamline legal research by identifying relevant authorities and save time and allow attorneys to focus on strategy and client advocacy. For the public, AI can translate complex legal concepts into clear, more accessible language, making the court system easier to understand and navigate.

Used thoughtfully, these technologies can help lower barriers, especially for individuals without legal representation. At the same time, the judiciary remains mindful of the risks associated with AI. Bias in training data can lead to discriminatory outcomes. AI hallucinations can also produce misinformation that could undermine the credibility of court filings. And opaque algorithms, so-called black boxes, raise concerns about transparency and accountability in decision-making. These

concerns go to the fairness of our justice system. To help navigate these challenges and protect the rights of all litigants, the Supreme Court of Guam adopted a formal policy on AI use within the judiciary earlier this year. The policy, which took effect on May 1st, establishes clear ethical expectations for judges, attorneys, court staff, and litigants who use AI. It affirms that AI may be used, but never in ways that mislead, reinforce bias, or erode public trust. Final responsibility always rests with the human. A human in the loop, a human on the loop, and not a human out of the loop. Under the policy, all AI generated content must be reviewed for accuracy. It has to comply with legal and ethical obligations and the integrity of the judicial process. We will implement continuous educational initiatives for court personnel to stay informed about advancements and will engage in periodic evaluations of our policy to adapt to emerging developments.

Above all, the goal is to not replace human judgment with automation, but strengthen the justice system by thoughtfully integrating technology. We commend Senator Taitague for advancing this discussion and support the efforts to examine AI's role across the public and private sector. Should the task force be established, we will of course contribute to and help ensure that we develop, Guam develops a framework rooted in fairness, accountability, and responsible innovation. Finally, while we know the committee members are likely aware both the US and Senate versions of the federal budget reconciliation bill have provisions that include a moratorium state and local regulation of AI and maybe that's one of the reasons you were talking about it not being a regulatory bill but more policy making and evaluating it and we just want to acknowledge that federal process and the potential implication it could have for local policy making. So, thank you and we look forward to working with the task force in developing the guidelines.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** *Si Yu'os ma'åse* Honorable Chief Justice Torres and at this time I'd like to recognize, I'm just trying to get the government side out of the way before I go to the private sector. So, at this time I'd like to recognize BSP- Lola.

**LOLA LEON GUERRERO, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF STATISTICS & PLANS (BSP):** Hi good afternoon. Lola Leon Guerrero, Director of the Bureau of Statistics and Plans.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Please go ahead.

**LOLA LEON GUERRERO, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF STATISTICS & PLANS (BSP):** The Bureau of Statistics and Plans is pleased to provide testimony in support of Bill 64-38, AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5 GUAM CALL ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC RIGHTS.

BSP supports Bill No. 64-38, which aims to establish a comprehensive regulatory framework for artificial intelligence technology across Guam's public and private sectors, offering a balanced approach to innovation while ensuring appropriate regulations. At the same time, BSP respectfully



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

submits the following comments and recommendations. While the intent to establish the Guam artificial intelligence regulatory task force is appreciated, it may not be necessary to create a new standalone body.

Instead, the responsibilities for developing a comprehensive regulatory framework for AI could more appropriately be housed under the Office of Technology which already serves the government lead entity for innovation, digital policy and emerging technologies. The office of technology would be able to cross- sector collaboration and can assemble a working group of subject matter experts from government agencies, academia, private sector and the non-governmental sector. This approach avoids administrative duplication, leverages existing expertise and ensures continuity in the policy development process. By centralizing this responsibility within a specialized office and incorporating diverse external input, Guam can develop an agile, technically grounded and forward-looking regulatory framework for AI without the need to form a separate task force. The bill states that the Guam AI task force will consist of 11 members, including two members from the Guam Legislature, the Office of The Attorney General, the Judiciary of Guam, four members from the Executive Branch to include the Bureau of Statistics and Plans, the University of Guam, the Guam Economic Development Authority, and the Guam Chamber of Commerce. As mentioned in bullet one, BSP continues to recommend that the responsibility for developing a comprehensive regulatory framework for AI be housed under the Office of Technology rather than establishing a task force.

Furthermore, while BSP appreciates its inclusion on the task force, we recognize our current limitation in contributing at the technical level. At this time, we do not have in-house technical expertise in AI applications, regulations, or governance. Supporting this initiative would necessitate a significant allocation of staff time towards AI related research and learning. While BSP is committed to supporting this initiative, our contribution may be limited and we will assist as necessary. Bill No. 64-38 includes provision for the creation of working groups to address specific aspects of AI regulation including education, workforce development, and procurement. As noted in bullet one, the office of technology is well positioned to lead this effort.

However, establishing official working groups may add unintended red tape. We recommend that the bill simply state or list the entities that OTECH shall consult and work with. And we also do recommend the following entities be included that OTECH should consult with. This is the Director of the Department of Labor or designee to address workforce development and training for AI integration. GSA Chief Procurement Officer or designee to advise on AI related procurement standards and practices. President of the Guam Community College or designee to contribute



expertise in technical education and skill development. The Director of Department of Revenue and Taxation or designee given the increasing role of AI to improve revenue and spending, revenue management and fraud detection. In reference to Bill No. 64-38 subsection 16106B5 which calls for mechanism for ongoing oversight and updates in the final report.

The Chief Technology Officer, Office of Technology supported by technical experts from relevant sectors will well be positioned to provide strategic oversight and guidance on the use of AI applications and regulatory enforcements within the government operations. In addition, the chief information officer could be tasked with submitting an annual report to the governor and legislature. This report would highlight development in AI technology, its application in government operation and updates on risk management and regulatory enforcement.

In conclusion, I extend my support of Bill No. 64-38 with the consideration of the recommendation mentioned. I also wanted to cite what Chief Justice mentioned. We're just doing some research about what the one Big Beautiful Bill which basically blocks US states from regulating artificial intelligence for 10 years and it might happen should it pass the Senate there might be an impact to the BEAD funding.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** The BEAD funding. Yeah, this is the Broadband funding that's been awarded of \$150 thousand, \$150 million that was given to Guam. Yeah, I do realize that and we're hoping it doesn't affect it at all. I think we've covered all the government agencies that were here. So, I'd like to start now with the private sector and recognize Dan Tydingco from Docomo.

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** Thank you. Thank you, Madam Chair and senators. I'm going to allow Jared Roberto, Jared Roberto from Docomo who heads up our external and public relations, to read the testimony from Christine, our CEO and Eleazar Tandoc, he's our security officer within Docomo Pacific.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Go ahead, gentlemen. Yes, you may proceed and just recognize yourself.

**JARED ROBERTO, PUBLIC RELATIONS MANAGER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** Okay. *Håfa adai.* Good afternoon, Madam Chair. My name is Jared Roberto and I am Docomo Pacific's Public Relations Manager and similar to what Dan said, I'll be reading the testimony on behalf of our president and CEO Christine Baleto. Dear Senator Taitague and members of the committee, thank you for the opportunity to submit testimony in support of Bill No. 64-38, which proposes the creation of the Guam artificial intelligence or AI regulatory task force. As a telecommunications provider serving Guam and the CNMI, we believe this bill is an important step in guiding responsible AI use across government, private sector, and the community as a whole. The use of AI has allowed for increases in productivity, analysis of data, prediction models, and has been useful in many industries to improve and solve a vast array of issues. In our operations, AI has played a role



## Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenñas

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

in enhancing operational processes to improve our customer service and operations. However, with these advancements come critical concerns. AI systems gather and process vast amounts of data, raising important questions about where this information is stored and how it's protected. Aside from privacy and data security, there are ethical concerns related to the manipulation of data, misuse for nefarious intentions, and accountability. Currently, there is no formal policy from the Department of Justice and Department of Homeland Security regarding the use of AI in the workplace, which makes this legislation even more timely. At Docomo Pacific, we adhere to preserving all customer proprietary network information and data and have internal policies that guide our use of AI.

We will be launching a program that educates our teams on how to use AI ethically and effectively. Further, our chief information security officer maintains close contact with the Department of Justice and the Department of Homeland Security on these matters to ensure that we are cognizant of the threat in the use of AI and how we can mitigate them. This is not the case for many sectors and establishments throughout the island. This is why we fully support the intent and passage of the bill. Should you require it, we are prepared to share our experiences and technical insights with the task force. We thank you for your leadership and look forward to contributing to Guam's responsible and secure AI future. Thank you.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Thank you so much. You just want to recognize you because I know you're here with Docomo, but go ahead and just for the record, your name and position.

**ELEAZAR TANDOC, SECURITY PROGRAM MANAGER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** Sure. I am Eleazar Tandoc. I am the Security Program Manager at Docomo Pacific.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Okay. Thank you, gentlemen, for being here. Next, Charlie, you're recognized.

**CHARLIE HERMOSA:** *Håfa adai* and good afternoon, Madam Chair. My name is Charlie Hermosa. Senators, thank you so much for allowing me to testify today. I didn't know that we could it was either for or against when you checked in. So, I do support that we are bringing AI to the forefront. I'm not in big support of the content of the bill the way it's written and I have heard other testimony. So, I am supporting it. But if I could provide some suggestions, that's what I would like to do too as well. The one of the biggest, you know, if I can take you on a quick journey of the way the web world has been you know been transforming when you looked at web 1.0 it was a development of HTML the websites then we went on to web 2.0 and the world is going to web 3.0 I know right now

which includes AI, the development of blockchain technologies and so forth. If you look at where we stand today in the infrastructure of where Guam stands today, we're like 0.5. Anywhere that still uses AS400, we're way behind the curveball right now.

So, if we try to look and implement AI regulations or try to form the task force to be able to implement things that would efficiently manage government agencies, I think that we would not be set up in a way that would do any good. I think we would be wasting our time and money and efforts. There were a few agencies already that said, you know, AI is good and we're all willing to do it, but we need money. And I don't think that that's the right approach to be able to move AI forward. The one thing that I do recommend is that we change the structure of the bill to be able to look into more of an economic and business development. The reason why I say that is because the way AI is moving, it's actually evened out the playing field today worldwide. There is no reason why our generation, the younger generations, the folks that are still in high school are not able to come up with business models that could actually compete with anybody around the world because of these AI tools that we have today.

If we start framing it up where it becomes regulatory, then I believe that we may be stifling innovation. So, my recommendation is that we change the bill to include more of an economic and business development that would actually allow us to look to implement processes and procedures in the high school level that would allow us to create this revolving door that we would actually have our people stay here on Guam knowing that we are creating systems for them to be able to put their knowledge into play. Lastly, I do want to say I am certified in AI in business and people management. So, I do create u learning models. I do create algorithms that will allow us to be able to efficiently manage things. So my take on this is that, my recommendation is that we put the bill into more of an economic and business development so that we're putting in the things in place that would allow our school systems to promote AI and that we're creating the jobs that would allow our people to come in and stay within Guam. And with that I'll end my testimony. Thank you.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** And we look forward to some written testimony because I'm pretty sure you might have left something out there because...

**CHARLIE HERMOSA:** I know I did. I did.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Yeah. So, please feel free to you know, write this all down, anything that you did not bring up and provide it to my office. Okay. Thank you. And then next we have Curtis Van de Veld. You are recognized, sir.

**CURTIS VAN DE VELD:** Thank you. I guess I'm the lone wolf on being opposed to the creation of the task force and the subcommittees and my reason for opposing it is simply we are in a process where it is important for the public to become aware as regulation is being developed of the concepts behind it. And the Office of Technology is less visible in the community than this body. This body has the ability to make regulation and to make it in a way in which people can understand in simplified human discourse what it is, the goals are. The people who get wrapped up





## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

in the technological aspects of things often lose sight of the concepts that when you make regulation, you have to make it in a way that the people who are going to be subject to the regulation can understand it.

And that really is everyone because the concept of artificial intelligence and its use isn't just exclusively for all of the government agencies and all of the business entities that intend to utilize it. It applies to everyone. And so, some government agency and then reducing it down to subcommittees and stuff which don't see the light of sunshine. The Sunshine Act, which imports the significance of the public being able to know what's going on, the ability to know what is being done by the people who make the laws, that is lost. The more that we condense, hide away in some government entity and then into subcommittees, people are not going to know what is the importance of it. And I respect what everyone has said about the value of artificial intelligence. There's no dispute that artificial intelligence is going to either overtake us if we don't start addressing it. And that we will end up losing out by not being involved in it.

No question about that. But young people won't, if they can't watch what goes on in these hearings on television, won't understand the importance of this until the light is actually more shined upon what is being done with artificial intelligence, how it is that it impacts daily lives, how it is that it should be regulated, and why. Young people aren't going to understand the importance of this. They're not going to make the decisions to go off to go to college to come back with an education that will advance those goals for the benefit of our community. Our community has seen a brain drain in a number of professions because of the fact that people leave and don't come back and they don't see the importance or the ability to do something more than it gets tucked away in some little government agency and they get left out. So while I appreciate the importance of artificial intelligence, I don't disrespect anybody who is involved in what has been ongoing. I just see this as a systematic way in which avoiding the light of public experience is lost. And if it's lost, then we are not informing people who will actually stay here and possibly they don't even have to go off to college. There are a lot of intelligent people that have grown up on Guam, taken positions of managerial responsibility in government and have been able to do that without going to college. So thinking that somehow that is the only pathway to intelligence I don't think is correct. I believe that if we can create a broader light that shines upon the importance of this that there is growth and opportunity for people by shining that light. I think that that is more important. And so that is why

I oppose the bill because I find the bill to be one which will accomplish exactly what it is that I suggest. We'll create a task force, maybe the entirety of the people gets nominated by the governor and put into the place. I don't know. But I've seen a lot of times when boards have been created

through the 36 years of my life on Guam and they don't come to fruition. I just think that the more that we tuck it away and hide it away, the values that would be provided to the community by shining light upon the importance of the subject is lost. Thank you.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** You're very welcome, sir. That's all I have on the list, but I know that Dan, did you you're okay?

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** No, I can understand what Attorney Van de Veld is saying with respect to what was noted earlier, the Trump administration budget bill which is coming out pretty soon, as well as the revocation back in January upon him taking office which rescinded all AI regulations at the presently up until, well he had, they have six months from January for a recommendation to come out of his office but I think is going to probably dovetail with what's in the Trump budget bill that's coming out here fairly shortly. And I'm pretty sure that they're going to be advocating for a single national standard rather than disparate regulatory state by state regimes.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** But thank you so much for that. Is there anyone else that wanted to come up and testify that may not have signed in but would like to testify? If not, okay. Lucia, you want to come back to the table in case there might be some questions. Mr. Van de Veld, I'm not chasing you away. You can stay if you'd like, in case anybody has any questions for you. Before I turn it over to my colleagues, the legislation was created to be proactive and what's going to, what's already happening. I mean, you remember the time where you used to, you'd go on online and you would research a certain product and next thing you know, you pick up your phone and as you're scrolling, lo and behold, there's that product and you're thinking, "Wow, what a coincidence that could be, you know, to have that product." But it was happening way back then when we were seeing screeching sounds of our internet going online sounding like an alien that did not know that it's connecting. It was happening way back then. Algorithms were happening then. AI was already developing. They say the godfather of AI Jeffrey Hines who started this in 1973 has left Google because he wanted to speak out about the issues and the repercussions of AI.

It's gotten pretty bad and his biggest concern is you get these products into business's hands, they're out to make a buck, you know, more so how quick they can make some money on something like this. Rather, the repercussions and the issues that can transpire. We're not here today on this bill to say that we're going to create all these legislations and laws and regulations that will do anything. Here, this task force right now, the intention of it, which I'm pulling from everyone's testimony on the responsibilities of these individuals that we place on this force, more of an outreach program, more of a proactive approach when certain things come out. For instance, medical, anything for the latest technology on medical outbreaks that we can give to our public. Education systems in which we can tell the public what is the latest AI and what are the repercussions. It's not all really necessary to create laws unless we can have opportunities later on.



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

Now there have been 475 bills introduced in the US and all these states about two years ago and of the 475 only 30, 38 have been passed. And all the states are all just gathering around trying to find ways to protect not just the safety and well-being of their you know community but as well to provide the technology to assist them because the lack of anything under health care, any in their labor issues, law when it comes to law and that was one of the changes that I had planned on making is ensuring that we get an attorney that sits on this task force as well to provide his guidelines. Now, the task force that is in this legislation has a sunshine act. It has an ending date of 24 months. It's not intended for this task force to continue on, but to pass over this knowledge from not just the government side, but most importantly from the private sector, the ones who carry this technology and provide it to our people.

So, 24, we figure 24 months would be a good time. I specifically sent an email to BSP to be here because I know you have ways of finding funding you know in in grants that maybe you know provided but also GEDA has sent a testimony which we've reached out to as well and there are opportunities in SDA as well as USED, department of interior and other areas in which we can seek funding for. We're not looking at a huge amount to fund this task force. We're looking for people who are concerned about AI and where it's going and how fast it's moving. The intent really is to put it under the Office of Technology. However, we have neglected the office of technology for decades. If any of you have taken an opportunity to go and see OTECH and how they're set up, this is the major hub that's supposed to protect us. This is where Homeland Security and Office and civil defense rely on. And this department and agency have been neglected way too long. If we wait for OTECH to take on this task, we're going to be waiting for a long time. I think that by creating this task force we can provide them with all the innovative ideas shared by everybody to give to them and they become the major hub, as recommended by many of you.

And as I spoke to OTECH as well but they need help and unfortunately, it's, we've been fighting for so long to give them the funding they need to expand and create and harden their infrastructure which is very much needed. So that's a little bit of what I'm trying to do with this task force and I look forward to everybody in this community whether you are just a guy sitting behind a gamer and being a gamer or know a little bit about technology. You know this is an opportunity to come forward with your ideas because any ideas are welcomed here in this task force. We may make it a shorter timeline. Instead of 24, make it 12 months, you know, to speed things up because everybody knows when you're dealing with technology. Yesterday, it was a great piece of equipment and tomorrow it's obsolete. And that's exactly how technology rolls. We cannot sit back and wait because it's passing us by. It has passed us by. So, other than that, I'm going to open it up to my



colleagues for any questions they may have. And I'll start with my chair, my committee chair, Senator Barnett.

**SENATOR CHRIS BARNETT:** Thank you, Madam Chair, for the opportunity to speak on the bill. You know, admittedly, I'm not too knowledgeable on AI. About as far as I go, is just warning my high schooler that he better not be using it to do his homework. That and Avengers Age of Ultron. But, you know, I commend you for introducing the legislation and like I thought it would, it kind of shook the tree and brought out all of this great testimony which I think is providing a lot of insight into some of the considerations we should make with the bill and the markup committee. But I definitely commend you Madam Chair. I know that, you know, going back to cyber terrorism and cyber-attacks, this type of issue has really been one that you've been very consistent in fighting for and yeah, I mean, regulating a task force, you know, even considering who we put on this task force, I think is very relevant and you know, AI, you had said, madam chair, that technology today a lot of times is moving so quickly that it's obsolete tomorrow. I think the reverse is true just based on what I see with AI. It said things it couldn't do yesterday, you now see it doing today. And I you know I also kind of shudder to think what impact if any AI could have on our elections that are slated for next year. As you know we're coming up on some very crucial elections in 2026.

So, Madam Chair, thank you for the opportunity to speak on the bill. Again, there's so much testimony coming in that I'm kind of going over it and looking through it and I'm pretty sure I'll have questions, but at this moment I'm just trying to take it all in. So, *si Yu'os ma'âse*, Madam Chair.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Thank you, Senator Barnett. Yes, we have at least right now just without including the emails that we receive from the public at least there's 13 to 14 testimonies that we have written and then we're going to anticipate yours again the and Mr. Van de Veld, please, you know, I encourage you also to provide some ideas to this committee. I appreciate it. And at this time, I'd like to recognize Senator Terlaje.

**SENATOR THERESE M. TERLAJE:** Thank you very much, Madam Chair. Thank you all for your testimony. I appreciate the recommendations that we do this if we're going to regulate, that we regulate it very openly and that the discussion is also made openly so that everyone in the community will come along and understand exactly why we're doing what we're doing or why anyone's doing what they're doing. I also appreciate that there are opportunities for the government to be proactive or maybe we're already reactive but to get ahead as much as possible in the government use and procurement of AI in the economic development and innovation of how it will be used and education and workforce development. Absolutely. And I think the constitutional right I'm looking at these in the working groups on the bill the constitutional rights and civil liberties and maybe the privacy and data protection while we are very concerned about those, I suspect those may be governed nationally or in other ways but we will but I do appreciate in some of your testimony Homeland Security, Docomo, where you point out that there is a threat in the use of AI and that we must make sure that all of us who are using it in especially in the government since that's our responsibility that we know what that might be.



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

So, I do appreciate all the efforts and contributions and volunteers that have said they are willing to work and help us to assist in these policies. But yeah, I guess it is if it affects the BEAD funding, can you just explain what effect that might have on what we're in the middle of?

**LOLA LEON GUERRERO, DIRECTOR, BUREAU OF STATISTICS & PLANS (BSP):** You know, this is just information that was captured in doing some research about AI and it's just something that would come across. So, if anything, I would actually want to speak to the lead policy office that's handling the bead grant. What the program managers are saying. Nothing has passed yet as it passed the Senate. I mean the House now I guess it goes to the Senate. So, but it could you know I guess based on what the One Big Beautiful Bill is saying that it, will they, might impose I guess a restriction on the BEAD funding.

**SENATOR THERESE M. TERLAJE:** All right. Thank you. Yes.

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** I think Senator Terlaje, what Lola's probably alluding to is BEAD is Broadband Equity and Deployment Act. The Deployment Act is intact. That's going to remain intact with the Trump administration for the money. We got accorded \$156 million here, \$80 million up in the northern Marianas. They want those networks built out for high-speed broadband. With respect to the equity portion of the bead program, they've stripped out all of the digital equity. So, I think a lot of the funding that may have been intended or a portion of which may have been intended for AI, I think that's probably evaporated under the new guidance.

**SENATOR THERESE M. TERLAJE:** I see. All right. Well, I guess...

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** And they're leaving it the Trump administration's leaving it to their task force recommendation, their own task force inside 6 months from this past January to come up with a recommendation. I think again it's going to dovetail to probably come up with a national standard on how to address AI.

**SENATOR THERESE M. TERLAJE:** All right. What I'm thinking Mr. Hermosa, you know you were highlighting the workforce development, economic development and education and I feel like on the education side maybe we don't have the right players in the room. I mean I know you're connected with UOG and maybe some others here are connected with UOG but how are we going to get this? I'd like to see a proposal of how we are going to get this into our public education system and in what ways and I guess I would, if it's me I would look to other jurisdictions and see if

anyone has started doing that already and see what we could do here but I appreciate all your concerns and thank you everyone. Thank you, Madam Chair.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** You're very welcome, Senator Terlaje. And yes, we've reached out to the University of Guam and spoke to it like three professors out there and AI is getting to a point. It's not just, you know, grabbing your phone anymore and creating your, you know, doing your homework on the phone, but they are now developing eyeglasses that can actually, you can read the answers through your eyeglasses. And if that doesn't work, they actually have contact lenses that actually can connect with the Bluetooth with information. So, there is a lot of things you know in outreach and how to help our education system on what to expect now because a lot of times they don't know what's happening with the latest technology on AI before it's too late and they've just you know graduated several students that actually did not even have to use their brain to graduate. So other than that, I'd like to now recognize my colleague, Senator Gumataotao. You are recognized, sir.

**SENATOR SHAWN GUMATAOTAO:** Thank you, Madam Chair, and thank you for the panel for being with us today. For the record, the Congressional Research Service issued a report on June 4th, 2025. That's entitled Regulation of Artificial Intelligence: US and International Approaches and Considerations for Congress. In that report, the CRS found that there is no single widely agreed upon definition of AI. However, some common descriptions and features have emerged. Congress has previously enacted laws with definitions of AI such as through the National AI Initiative Act of 2020, which was inside the NDAA of FY2021 Public Law 116-283, which defines AI as a machine-based system that can for a given set of human defined objectives make predictions, recommendations, or decisions influencing real or virtual environments. In that report, artificial intelligence systems use machine and human-based inputs to perceive real and virtual environments, abstract such perceptions into models through analysis in an automated manner, and to use model inference to formulate opinions for information or action. I say this to start madam chair as according to the national conference of state legislatures over the last few years more and more states have introduced AI related legislation.

Just in the 2025 legislative session alone all 50 states including Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and Washington DC have introduced legislation on this particular topic. This year alone, 28 states in the Virgin Islands adopted or enacted over 75 new measures this year. Now, since the issuance of a memorandum this is M25-21 from the Office of Management and Budget in April of 2025, can I ask either Nicole or the panel, what has been the level of engagement between the government of Guam through OTECH or IT leads from either the Judiciary of Guam, the University of Guam, autonomous entities, maybe with your some help from you, Lola, and maybe other federal counterparts including but not limited to the US Department of the Interior and how is this partnership guided AI related efforts initiated by the local government to date? So, either Nicole or any of the panel this was signed by Russ Bot back in April of 2025. Anybody, can anybody offer up any insight into that particular memo? Don't all start at once.





## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** You want to try Lucia? Go ahead.

**LUCIA PEREZ, SPECIAL PROJECTS COORDINATOR, GUAM HOMELAND SECURITY & OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE:** When it comes, when it comes to the government information and being able to pull stakeholders together for AI, it would be under the Office of Technology. So, we'll make sure we get feedback from the CTO to be fair.

**SENATOR SHAWN GUMATAOTAO:** Thanks. Anybody else?

**ROBERT TORRES, CHIEF JUSTICE, JUDICIARY OF GUAM:** We have actually had communications and close working groups. We have four different task forces that were established by the national center for state courts, that the judiciary of Guam is a member of and I'm a member of one of those task forces on ethical practices with AI. So, all of those task forces have been developing different aspects of AI policies for the courts.

**SENATOR SHAWN GUMATAOTAO:** Thank you so much Chief Justice. I just want to say, Madam Chair, based on the AI fact sheet that was provided by the same Office of Management and Budget, the Department of Justice improves public safety by leveraging AI to protect the American public by using AI to better understand the global drug market and the impact of illicit drugs on communities and individuals in order to further drug trafficking investigations and protect, obviously, the American public, including our own people here in Guam. So, if I can, and I'm not sure if anyone can answer, maybe just a source again perhaps, but to what extent have local law enforcement entities availed their agencies of any AI related strategies, inter agency coordination opportunities and resources which may be available through DOJ specifically to help GPD, Guam Customs and Quarantine, our airport authority, the Port Authority of Guam, and our broader law enforcement community in our ongoing war against drugs in our community. Can anybody answer that? Charlie, go ahead.

**CHARLIE HERMOSA:** Senator, I could talk a little bit about for example GPD using drone technology and within that drone technology, they are using software that's using for example, face recognition. That is an example of what can be used through drone technology. So, they are developing that technology now. It's only going to get better and as the chairwoman said, I mean, when you blink, the technology moves faster than you can even think. So, locally, I think those systems are working well. U, but I think that to your point, we need to continue to be able to utilize AI in a way that can enhance the efficiencies of our agencies and departments across the board. It can really help. On the flip side, I mean, I know we're saying we want to put regulations on a lot, but there's a lot of good in AI. There's a lot of good that can serve in AI from efficiencies, economic

development, business development, education. A lot of the issues that we can put on the board right now can be solved with AI.

**SENATOR SHAWN GUMATAOTAO:** Thank you, Charlie. Anybody else want to offer up any insight? And if not, I I just want to just say just to kind of to close, Madam Chair, is when we think about the players that are part of this legislation, I believe that they are at this will be at the table here and I want to just at this point I want to just kind of highlight two. I think they're two very important ones that we all should know today. Let me start with the very first one and I think it's the University of Guam. Since at least for more than gosh I'm looking at this I just let me go let me go backwards a bit in May of 2023 there was a kind of workshop between much of the university community and the use of Chat GPT in those meetings it was disclosed that our university had spent the 10 years previous this is in May of 2023 for 10 years the University of Guam had been working with open AI in the development of this particular tool. I think when we think about students using chat GBT, it's incumbent on instructors to make sure that they're you know it's okay to you can use and they even tell us it's might be okay to use Chat GPT but it does not replace that when you take a little bit of a deep dive to make sure that they're not well not they have to cite their resources and the like but it's a tool and then I want to commend the judiciary of Guam way before I got there in 2017.

The one person that's sitting on the panel has spent much time if you did not know already that Chief Justice Torres has spent a lot of time lecturing across the country and the globe in this region specifically about the advances in AI and its impacts in the judicial system and how it can provide meaningful support to our sister branch. So, I just want to say kudos to Chief Justice Torres and your team as well because when this government didn't have a way to pull computers together, it was a place called the Judiciary of Guam and I think Dan can remember those days when they brought it all together to bail out a government that was struggling to do its resources back I think was might have been as soon as 2002 and 2003.

So, I hope Madam Chair that it just offered a little bit of context and I believe that again the players quite frankly are right in front of us. Thank you, ma'am.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** You're very welcome, Senator Gumataotao and yes, I'm looking forward to working with Chief Justice, with the current task force that they have in play and take pull from them as well. And I did reach out to GPD regarding what their use is in AI which is growing by the day like Charlie mentioned but if you also look as far as like defense and stuff we all saw the drones that were walking in the president's parade, the dog drones that were walking there, that's AI you know and it's they're dogs right now but pretty soon it's going to be more than just you know an animal like product that's going to come out walking down those parade routes too as well for our security. I hope it's for our security, but you know, some people beg to differ on that. And at this time, I'd like to recognize Vice Speaker Tony Ada, you are recognized, sir.



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

**VICE SPEAKER ANTHONY ADA:** Thank you, Madam Chair, and thank you to the panel for coming down to testify on this legislation. You know, AI is great. I think a lot of good can come out of it, but also at the same token, there's a lot of bad that can come from AI with those with bad intentions. And I think you know government agencies are one thing but our internet providers I'm glad you guys are here because Mr. Tandoc I believe right what is it that you guys do for security purposes and how do you implement what you guys do within I don't know if you want to share that or what but kind of like helping us keep secure right I mean there's I think the three different providers, DOCOMO, IT&E, and GTA right. But then we also now have Starlink right.

So, I know if there's an issue or what you people your folks have security folks, you guys have you know all these people in places that we can always turn back to and say hey what is going on and how do we do these things? But with Starlink that's a whole different ball game because there's no one to turn to or even at least locally right where we can pick up a phone and hey, we got this issue. How do we know, you know what I'm saying? It's difficult, it's difficult.

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** Vice speaker we're regulated whether it's GTA, DOCOMO, IT&E

**VICE SPEAKER ANTHONY ADA:** Right

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** We all have to get what's called a certificate of authority from the public utilities commission we're also licensed by the FCC. Starlink, I think has a license from the FCC but it doesn't have to subject itself similarly to the local companies which are invested here which have made investments in the community which have made investments in personnel. I think between the three of us there's probably 11500 employees between Guam and the NMI, all taxpaying employees and stuff. And under that certificate of authority which we are issued by the public utilities commission which was created by this body we are required to make particular reports.

We're required to demonstrate that we have the technical and financial wherewithal to be a company that's responsible to the community. We have standards, reporting standards, customer service standards, quality of assurance standards and requirements, and others don't. So, that is a concern to us. We would hope that the legislature would probably take a look at that to make sure that we don't mind the business climate to be open to everybody, but we all should be playing by the same rules and abiding by the same rules and adhering to the same standards. With respect to what you're talking about with Eleazar, our security officer, all of us are required to have letters of agreement with the Guam Homeland Security and the US Department of Justice to ensure that those



networks which we operate and everybody relies on are protected for the benefit of the consumer. So again, we would urge the body to ensure that the rules of the game are applied equally to everybody.

**VICE SPEAKER ANTHONY ADA:** Yeah. And I think that's an important factor here that the internet providers, right? I mean we can understand where AI technology can be used for good or bad. But going back to the root of it is the internet providers to the island. Am I correct? Yeah. So perhaps something Madam Chair that we may want to look at is also you know kind of seeing how we can ensure that the security of the internet providers is. I mean he said that there is a certificate of?

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** Certificate of authority and we all have to file reports to the public utilities commission.

**VICE SPEAKER ANTHONY ADA:** Yeah.

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** So...

**VICE SPEAKER ANTHONY ADA:** Okay. Yeah. I mean, you know, where this bill goes, is going to be one thing because I think they vote on July 4th or before July 4th with the Big Beautiful Bill and the provisions that are in that it says no regulatory, no regulations can be made for 10 years but I don't think it says anything about what do they call it, policies and procedures right.

So strengthening our policies and procedures locally will be a good step forward if the provisions in the Big Beautiful Bill passes is cause I know they're in the reconciliation process right now and if that goes to the president to get signed then you know where we stand and how we look forward in moving this bill forward and ensuring that policies get in put in place then perhaps we can be a step ahead of the game. But you know I'm glad that you guys are here, the internet providers, so we can get a better understanding of what you guys are required to do for the protection of you know the, our people in our island and then what is it that we need to do to further that protection and see how others can be held to that same standard as well. Did you want to add something sir? I see a conversation going back and forth there? So...

**DAN TYDINGCO, CHIEF LEGAL, COMPLIANCE AND REGULATORY OFFICER, DOCOMO PACIFIC:** Well, I don't know how comfortable Zar is talking about whatever security protocols we have to contend with the US DOJ and Guam Homeland Security for the protection of the customer information.

**VICE SPEAKER ANTHONY ADA:** And that's totally understandable. You know, we wouldn't want to compromise anything, but at the same token, we want to see how it is that we can be a step ahead and hopefully we'll be able to get that type of information one way or the other. But thank you. Thank you, Madam Chair, for the opportunity to ask some questions.



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Thank you. And thank you for bringing it up to mention that this is not like say a task force that's going to create rules and regulations moving forward, but it's an education and outreach to notify the public of what's going on. And then yeah, then being proactive in the event something is allowed for us as a you know, a territory to implement for the safety and well-being of our island, but by no means it's to stop innovation of AI. I mean, that's going to continue to happen whether we do this or not, but we need to keep an eye on it and we need to know what it's going to, how it's going to impact us and then address those bad areas in which it's going to hurt us. So, other than that...

**VICE SPEAKER ANTHONY ADA:** Madam Chair, if I can just one because I just got a text and perhaps this is an eye opener as well that from Speaker Blas. He goes, "Colleagues, I may be a target of a cyber-attack. Please check your emails for any messages from me. But coming from another email address, at least two others have received something from me and I've already reported to DHS. They have advised that I reach out and inform you all as a precaution."

So, it seems like things are already going on and what is it that we can do to continue to protect ourselves? And you know, it's one thing to have your email address hacked and sent but when it comes to the protection of especially with Homeland Security and Office of Civil Defense and everyone else involved, you know, what that could do to our health care system, what that can do to our financial systems and everything else that we rely on here as a community. So, thank you very much for everyone's participation.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** You're very welcome again. And just for those who are listening, you know, it's one thing to be cy, you know, hacked going into something, but AI goes beyond that. Ahi has actually been put out there for people to manipulate the look of an individual or put a face to another body or and we've already had situations where a 14-year-old out of I think it was maybe Florida. I think it was in Florida who committed suicide because of this AI technology that was used to basically harass him as well as you know have a, they actually put a price to us if he didn't comply by what what's that word to judge when you know you have to pay us \$5,000 or we're going to send this out to the to social media. It's a ransom. A ransom. And AI is actually doing that. So, our and these are, this is one child 14 years old and then there was two individuals in California who committed suicide and the parents right now are suing Meta at this point because of this technology that was used through AI. So, it's things like that you know I mean we look at ourselves as individuals but it's our children who really you know get affected by this, this new technology. So, and gentlemen, please, if there's anything else that you can bring up during this, you know, time from Jared and Z, right? Please feel free to raise your hand and I'll introduce

you. And at this time, I'd like to recognize Senator Sabaina Perez. I mean, see, they call me Therese Terlaje. Somebody would go is that Therese Terlaje, I go, no I'm Telo. But Sabrina Salas Matanane, you are recognized, ma'am.

**SENATOR SABRINA SALAS MATANANE:** Thank you, Madam Chair. I'd also like to thank her for introducing this legislation and having the foresight to put this bill together, but I also hope that we can have more discussion and more dialogue about the state of our government's technological infrastructure because there's so many problems that I've seen just in the oversight that I have. If for example with the Guam Memorial Hospital just a couple of weeks ago their electronic billing system went down because of issues with their software and it was down for like four days and that cost them delays in billing \$400,000 a day for Medicare, another \$500,000 a day just for Medicaid. And of course, Guam Memorial Hospital recently, was in the news that they were fined for those two cyber security attacks, and they had to submit a whole report to, HHS, Health and Human Services, public health. It was an audit, regarding how they have been basically keeping their Medicaid files. It was through paperwork because their digital infrastructure was just almost non-existent. So, I hope that we can bring these issues to the forefront. And Lola, you said you were with OTECH or you're with BSP. Is there anybody here from OTECH?

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** That was Nicole Nelson. She was on earlier from OTECH...

**SENATOR SABRINA SALAS MATANANE:** Okay.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** But they're in a workshop right now. So, she came and provided testimony. It's all in the Google Drive. But any questions you may have for her, I'll be happy to pass that on to her and then provide it to you.

**SENATOR SABRINA SALAS MATANANE:** Okay, that's all. Thank you.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** You're very welcome, Senator. Senator Parkinson, you're recognized.

**SENATOR WILLIAM A. PARKINSON:** Thank you, Madam Chair. I just have a great amount of apprehension even with the idea of this task force because I heard the term say that these were just local policies and procedures and regulations or just policy and procedures. But policy and procedures are regulations. Are we going to be entering into legislation here that could potentially jeopardize federal funds with this impending moratorium on AI regulations? And I got questions about this myself just from a state's rights point of view. Can the federal government even tell us that we cannot regulate something within our borders? This is a tricky situation because AI today is seen as the Manhattan Project of our time, the nuke of our generation. Not only because of the scale of AI, but due to the race among nations to develop AI powered military systems. including autonomous weapons and battlefield decision- making tools.





## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Dueñas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

That is precisely why Congress is pursuing a 10-year moratorium preempting state level AI regulations. To ensure that we have national coordination and avoid a patchwork that could slow down these high stakes projects. So, we really need to be asking ourselves, could local regulations pose a national security risk? AI data driven centers are exploding in demand. The global AI data centers are poised to grow to \$17.7 Billion in 2025 and \$93.6 billion by 2032. In 2024, I supported GPA in their grant application for a feasibility study aimed at expanding its smart grid infrastructure to incorporate broadband access and assess the potential for establishing these data centers on Guam. If Guam passes local AI restrictions, we need to ask ourselves, could that potentially disqualify us from federal AI data center dollars or defense infrastructure investments tied to these national security priorities. Earlier this year, I was honored to be shadowed by a student, Alexander Dueñas, during Island Leadership Day. This young gentleman is a very bright young 10th grader from Father Dueñas and he was the winner of the island wide science fair. His groundbreaking project, a custom-built AI model to assist doctors in accurately and rapidly diagnosing X-ray scans. That is a prime example of how talented our youth can be in these cutting-edge fields with the potential for data centers here on the island. The ability to develop these real-world AI based medical tools at such a young age for such a bright young man is truly nothing short of remarkable. And so, I take it very much. I hear you sir when you say you know we don't want to push this into the corners and we want to make sure that we keep people involved on top of this technology to emphasize how important this technology is. Recently, four AI tech executives have been made army reserve lieutenants, lieutenant colonels. And it really underscores just how important this is to the future of warfare and the balance of world power. And so, while I generally agree to the idea that we should be regulating these things, we need to consider that for some of the things leading to the edge of national security.

We generally leave those regulations to the federal government. I earlier said that AI was the nuke of our time. Well, nuclear weapons, they're regulated entirely by the federal government. And I think that maybe we should consider, perhaps, leaving this one to the powers that be that are investing near a trillion dollars. Because sometimes the only thing worse than no regulations is regulating something we truly don't understand. And I mean, who among us could raise our hands right now and say we truly understand what we're dealing with here? I know I can't. And so I think we need to think about this legislation, but I think this might be one of those situations where it may be better to render unto Caesar and leave the regulation of this incredibly advanced technology to the federal government. And with that, Madam Chair, I yield the rest of my time. Thank you.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** You're very welcome, Senator Parkinson. I appreciate everybody who came and testified today and oh, Charlie, go ahead, please.

**CHARLIE HERMOSA:** Thank you, Madam Chair. And, Senator, that's exactly a very great example of the use case of a young, young gentleman making that use case, that medical device or the medical prediction.

**SENATOR WILLIAM A. PARKINSON:** Yeah, I apologize. I misspoke on the young gentleman's name. It's Alexander Cruz.

**CHARLIE HERMOSA:** Okay. And Mr. Cruz.

**SENATOR WILLIAM A. PARKINSON:** For the record.

**CHARLIE HERMOSA:** And that's a good way to answer Senator Terlaje's question in regards to how we implement that. We have to create these systems for the high school level for them to be able to innovate but for example another use case when the utilization of AI and this is just a use case that I want to present, we could develop a system here locally and when we talk about AI tools these tools don't have to come out you know, from off island. We can actually create these tools here and one tool that we can create is the tool that we can analyze every single pothole in this entire island. We can analyze every single pothole in this entire island. We can put a number next to it, a dollar amount, and DPW can then designate which potholes, and how much money they would need in order for them to fix it. It would be accurate. So again, I think the use case and going back to Senator Parkinson's is that we shouldn't regulate it to a point where we're not looking into it for the advancement of locally but also from an economic development. We got to be able to keep that door open.

**SENATOR TELO T. TAITAGUE, CHAIRPERSON:** Thank you, Charlie. And that's exactly what this legislation is. It's not to, you know, tell developers you can't develop a certain AI product. Not whatsoever. You know, I mean, I think that some people are getting under the idea that this what that's what this legislation is going to do is a task force. There's so much more that's needed. I did reach out to the media, you know, because of course they deal in AI all the time as well. So, I just wanted to read one of the testimonies from one of the media and they said,

*"If I would have any input at this time, it would be that AI possesses an issue for misinformation particularly when it comes to generated images/video and audio. It will become much more difficult to face AI generated media as the tech progresses. For example, I have seen some advertisements that appear to use, I'm sorry. I've seen some advertisements that appear to use AI video but can't be sure if it's them. From a reporter standpoint point, this only stresses the need to do what we already do, which is confirmation being brought to us. But it's not difficult to see how others could fall victim to sharing misinformation or lies generated by AI."*

And this is one of the testimonies I received from the media and what they have to endure at this time. It's very difficult to see that. But again, this task force is going to do so much more than just, you know, supposedly regulate it. It's more of an informant and then when the time comes, then we can look at doing that. But it's also to provide all this information moving forward so that we can put it in an area that actually has the funding it needs to have its main goal and that's the Office of



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

Technology. But we need to fund them. That's the problem. We have not for many, you know, for years. So that being said, again I thank everyone for being here and I probably will reach out to you again sometime, especially you Chief Justice to go over your task force to see what we can implement in the same type of scenario. Try not to duplicate but we will definitely take what's working on your side. So, if there's no further questions or comments, this concludes our discussion on Bill 64-38 (COR) and we're going to just take a short three-minute recess before we entertain the next bill which is Bill 61-38. Thank you so much again.

Public Hearing Adjourned at: 3:41pm.

### **III. FINDINGS & RECOMMENDATIONS**

The Committee finds that Bill No. 64-38 (COR), which seeks to establish the Guam Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Task Force, generated broad support across government, private industry, academia, and civic organizations. Testifiers consistently acknowledged the urgent need to prepare for the rapid development and integration of AI technologies while balancing innovation, security, and ethical responsibility:

- Office of Technology (OTECH) Chief Technology Officer Frank L.G. Lujan Jr., through Acting CTO Nicole Nelson, expressed strong support for the measure, emphasizing that AI oversight should be institutionalized within OTECH's statutory responsibilities under 5 GCA Chapter 1, Article 12. OTECH recommended that an explicit AI function be codified in law, accompanied by dedicated funding for research, training, and policy development. The Office proposed that the Task Force's composition include experts in technology, ethics, law, civil society, and industry, and that its framework address data governance, transparency, accountability, and algorithmic fairness. OTECH further urged the incorporation of international standards such as the EU AI Act and NIST AI Risk Management Framework, and stressed that the framework be adaptive to evolving technologies.
- Guam Homeland Security/Office of Civil Defense (GHS/OCD) Homeland Security Advisor Esther Aguigui supported the measure's intent but recommended that AI regulatory authority be permanently housed within OTECH rather than a temporary task force. She cited the essential role of AI in protecting critical infrastructure and



emergency management systems, urging the adoption of mandatory cybersecurity standards, data safeguards, and human oversight in AI-assisted decision-making. Aguigui also emphasized workforce readiness, competitive compensation for AI-skilled personnel, and redundancy requirements for AI systems that manage essential services.

- Lucia R. Perez- SPC-ESF2/Office of Civil Defense / Cybersecurity & Critical Infrastructure submitted written testimony in strong support of Bill No. 64-38 (COR), emphasizing its importance in preparing Guam for the responsible and secure use of artificial intelligence (AI) in critical sectors such as emergency response, infrastructure, and cybersecurity. She recommended that AI oversight be permanently established under the Office of Technology (OTECH) to ensure continuity and technical stability. Perez further urged the inclusion of dedicated funding and staffing for AI governance, NIST-aligned cybersecurity and redundancy standards for critical infrastructure, and mandatory AI literacy and certification programs across government sectors. She stressed that AI systems must not override human judgment in life-or-death situations and called for clear ethical safeguards, data privacy protections, and cross-agency interoperability. Perez concluded that the bill would position Guam as a leader in responsible AI governance and ethical innovation.
- Judiciary of Guam Chief Justice Robert Torres reiterated the Judiciary's support for the bill and discussed its newly implemented AI use policy, effective May 2025, which emphasizes ethical application, transparency, and human accountability in court operations. He highlighted AI's potential to improve access to justice but cautioned against risks of bias, misinformation, and opaque decision-making. The Judiciary encouraged collaboration with the Task Force to ensure due process and fairness in the government's use of AI and noted possible federal preemption under pending U.S. legislation.
- Bureau of Statistics and Plans (BSP) Director Lola Leon Guerrero submitted testimony supporting the bill's intent but advised that developing Guam's AI framework may be best situated within OTECH to avoid administrative duplication and ensure policy continuity. BSP recommended that OTECH lead interagency collaboration instead of formal working groups and consult entities such as the Departments of Labor and Revenue & Taxation, GSA, and GCC for expertise in workforce development, procurement, and education. BSP also proposed annual AI progress reports by OTECH to the Governor and Legislature and acknowledged the Bureau's limited technical capacity in AI governance.
- Guam Economic Development Authority (GEDA) Deputy Administrator Carlos Bordallo, expressed support for the intent of Bill No. 64-38 (COR) and confirmed the Authority's readiness to participate on the proposed Task Force. GEDA acknowledged



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

that while it is not an AI expert agency, the creation of the Task Force would help the government prepare for the rapid growth of AI technologies and develop policies that both encourage innovation and protect individual rights. GEDA emphasized the need to invest in AI education, workforce training, and modern technology infrastructure to ensure that government and industry leaders are equipped to apply AI effectively. The Authority recommended establishing key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure outcomes and ensure accountability. GEDA further noted that funding will be critical to the Task Force's success and suggested pursuing federal assistance through agencies such as the USDA, EDA, and DOI. Finally, the Authority recommended engaging a qualified AI expert to support the Task Force's technical and policy development.

- DOCOMO Pacific, represented by Christine Baleto, President and CEO, strongly supported Bill No. 64-38 and stressed that AI has enhanced efficiency and customer service within their operations. DOCOMO highlighted the growing risks of data misuse, privacy breaches, and lack of uniform policies governing AI use across industries. Baleto underscored the absence of formal DOJ or DHS AI workplace guidelines, reinforcing the urgency of Guam's legislation. DOCOMO expressed willingness to share best practices and technical input with the Task Force and reaffirmed its commitment to responsible AI education and data protection measures.
- GTA, represented by Kamia Dierking, Senior Director of Government Affairs, expressed full support for the legislation and emphasized Guam's digital infrastructure as foundational to AI readiness. GTA highlighted the importance of continued investment in high-speed fiber networks, secure data centers, and international connectivity, which enable real-time AI processing. Dierking cautioned against overly broad regulation that could stifle innovation, citing Colorado's experience where an expansive AI law was repealed due to impracticality. GTA supported a balanced, inclusive approach involving government, academia, and private industry and encouraged the Task Force to prioritize infrastructure development as part of Guam's AI framework.
- MacTech Guam, through President David Macapinlac, supported the establishment of the Task Force and urged representation from technology implementers. MacTech recommended continuous public-private dialogue, support for AI education and

workforce training at UOG and GCC, and funding to develop applied AI certification programs.

- Ten Technologies Inc., represented by President Felipe Tenido Jr., also expressed strong support and proposed adding private-sector AI and cybersecurity advisors to the Task Force. The company recommended procurement and data-residency standards for government AI systems, AI audits to assess current usage across agencies, and public-private partnerships to expand workforce pipelines and innovation opportunities.
- Pauly Suba, a media professional, expressed support for the bill and emphasized the need for transparency in AI-generated media content. He proposed requiring disclaimers for AI-created images, videos, audio, and written materials to protect the public from misinformation.
- Jim Lacson, testifying as a private citizen, recommended including a representative from the Guam Bar Association to contribute legal expertise to the Task Force and urged AI integration in education and government service delivery to improve efficiency and accessibility.
- John O'Connor, a journalist, noted the increasing difficulty of distinguishing AI-generated media and expressed concern about misinformation. He highlighted the importance of media literacy and accountability in AI use within journalism.
- Charlie Hermosa, a private sector AI specialist, offered conditional support for the bill but cautioned against premature regulation that could stifle innovation and economic opportunity. He testified that Guam's IT infrastructure remains "far behind the curve," making it difficult to meaningfully regulate AI applications before improving digital capacity and workforce readiness. Mr. Hermosa urged that the Legislature focus its efforts on AI education, entrepreneurship, and workforce development rather than regulation at this stage. He emphasized the importance of integrating AI literacy into school curricula to help develop local talent and reduce Guam's dependence on off-island expertise. Mr. Hermosa further cautioned that over-regulation could discourage local startups and private investment in technology fields, and instead recommended that the Task Force promote the developmental and business applications of AI to strengthen Guam's economy.
- Attorney Curtis Van De Veld testified in opposition to the measure, expressing concern that the creation of a new task force and related working groups could result in deliberations being conducted outside the public eye. He warned that transferring AI oversight to a government agency, such as the Office of Technology (OTECH), without strong legislative controls could limit transparency, diminish public participation, and weaken accountability. Mr. Van De Veld recommended that AI policy discussions remain under the purview of the Legislature through open public



## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

hearings and ongoing public education initiatives. He stressed the importance of maintaining “sunshine and transparency” in all policymaking efforts relating to emerging technologies.

Members of the Committee commended the foresight of the measure and agreed on the need to balance innovation with ethical and security safeguards. Senator Chris Barnett supported the proactive approach and raised concerns about AI’s influence on elections. Senator Therese Terlaje emphasized the integration of AI literacy and workforce development in education. Senator Shawn Gumataotao highlighted the importance of coordination with federal agencies and understanding national AI definitions and standards. Vice Speaker Tony Ada stressed cybersecurity parity among internet providers and cited a recent cyber incident as evidence of the island’s vulnerability. Chairperson Senator Telo Taitague reiterated that the Task Force’s role is primarily educational and advisory, with a limited term to develop recommendations that may transition to a permanent OTECH-led structure.

The Committee finds that there is broad consensus in support of Bill No. 64-38 (COR) and its objectives. Testifiers emphasized the need for transparent, well-funded, and collaborative AI governance that enhances innovation while protecting privacy, civil rights, and data security. The Committee acknowledges repeated recommendations that AI oversight ultimately be anchored within OTECH, supported by permanent interagency and industry collaboration.

Accordingly, the Committee amended Bill No. 64-38 (COR) during the markup process with well targeted revisions that incorporate the majority of recommendations raised in written and oral testimony by public, private and institutional stakeholders.

The Committee finds that the amendments collectively address all major recommendations from testimony, including representation, transparency, cybersecurity, and OTECH oversight, incorporate national best practices in AI governance (data privacy, accountability, open government), and preserve legislative oversight while enabling executive coordination. Amendments to the bill are as follows:



1. Expanded Legislative Findings and Intent (§16100)- The findings section was rewritten to recognize AI's economic, social, and ethical implications and to underscore a coordinated, multi-sectoral approach to responsible AI regulation. This responds to testimony from the Office of Technology (OTech), Homeland Security (Lucia Perez and Esther Agui), Judiciary of Guam, and GEDA, all of whom emphasized the need for collaboration, ethical safeguards, and protection of privacy and individual rights while supporting innovation and economic development.
2. Comprehensive Definitions Added (§16101)- Expanded the Definitions section from four (4) to fifteen (15) defined terms, adding "Task Force," "Subcommittee," "Working Group," "Data Governance," "Cybersecurity," "Data Privacy," "Transparency," "Accountability," "Responsible AI," "Workforce Development," and "Regulatory Framework." This addresses recommendations from OTECH, Judiciary, BSP, and private-sector testifiers (Ten Technologies, MacTech, Docomo Pacific, GTA) to ensure technical clarity and standardize interpretation of key terms throughout the measure.
3. Revised Task Force Composition (§16102)- Retained eleven (11) voting members but adjusted representation:
  - Added Department of Labor to address workforce-readiness needs.
  - Added two (2) private-sector members- one appointed by the Speaker and one by the Governor, with defined qualifications.
  - Clarified that a federal representative may participate as a non-voting member.

This implements recommendations from Ten Technologies, GTA, MacTech, and GEDA to include private-sector and workforce perspectives. Also responds to Homeland Security and OTECH calls for technical expertise and alignment with government IT infrastructure oversight.

4. Expanded Purpose and Duties (§16103)- Broadened the Task Force's mandate to explicitly include evaluation of legal, economic, and social impacts of AI; added focus areas such as cybersecurity, privacy, workforce impacts, education, and ethical governance. Created authority to establish subcommittees and working groups and to invite subject-matter experts in advisory roles. This directly responds to testimony by OTECH, Homeland Security, Judiciary, and private-sector experts recommending specific inclusion of cybersecurity, data protection, algorithmic fairness, and workforce readiness. The creation of subcommittees





## *Office of Senator Christopher M. Duenas*

CHAIRMAN, COMMITTEE ON FINANCE AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

aligns with suggestions from Ten Technologies and MacTech for sustained technical collaboration.

5. Inclusion of Open Government Compliance- Added a new subsection requiring all Task Force, subcommittee, and working group meetings to comply with the Open Government Law (5 GCA Ch. 8) and the Sunshine Reform Act, with limited exemptions for cybersecurity, national security, or law-enforcement-sensitive matters. This addresses Attorney Curtis Van De Veld's concerns regarding transparency and public access to deliberations. Ensures compliance with Guam's open government principles while balancing confidentiality requirements.
6. Organizational Clarity and Operational Authority (§16104)-
  - Designated the Legislature's Technology Committee Chairperson as Chair and OTECH's Chief Technology Officer as Vice Chair.
  - Added quorum requirements, bi-monthly meetings, and reimbursement procedures.
  - Clarified that OTECH shall provide administrative support but is not required to fund Task Force activities.
  - Codified OTECH's role under §12.106(g) to provide regulatory and policy oversight for AI initiatives.

Implements testimony by OTECH, Homeland Security, and BSP, clarifying OTECH's coordination function without granting it regulatory supremacy. The reimbursement and quorum clauses ensure consistent governance and compliance with existing fiscal and administrative laws.

7. Detailed Reporting and Deliverables (§16105)- Structured multiple reporting deadlines; 4, 8, 12, 16, and 18–20 months, with specific deliverables (progress updates, framework drafts, legislative recommendations, and final report). This responds to Judiciary, BSP, and OTECH testimony urging regular public accountability, progress tracking, and transparent legislative engagement. The phased approach ensures measurable progress toward an AI regulatory framework.
8. Extension and Sunset Clause (§16106)- Allows a single 24-month extension, subject to justification and legislative approval, and provides for possible

- transition to a permanent commission. This adopts OTECH, Homeland Security, and Ten Technologies recommendations for continuity and long-term AI governance, ensuring flexibility to complete work without indefinite extension.
9. Amendment to §12.106(f) – OTECH Oversight- Revised §12.106(f) to authorize the Chief Technology Officer to implement policies and audits governing ethical AI use across all executive agencies. This addresses OTECH’s request to formalize its statutory role in AI policy implementation and cybersecurity oversight. Aligns territorial law with national cybersecurity and AI management standards.
  10. Technical and Conforming Amendments- Corrected numbering, punctuation, and typographical inconsistencies; clarified cross-references to other statutes to ensure internal consistency, legal accuracy, and readability.

The Committee on Finance and Government Operations hereby reports out Bill No. 64 – 38 (COR), *As Amended* - **AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND AMEND**

**§ 12.106 (f) OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS,”** with the recommendation **To Report Out Only** .

*I MINA'TRENTAI OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN*

**2025 (FIRST) Regular Session**

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

Introduced by:

Telo T. Taitague 

Chris Barnett 

Frank Blas Jr. 

Sabina F. Perez 

Shelly V. Calvo 

V. Anthony Ada 

Therese M. Terlaje 

**AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5,  
GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO  
ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL  
INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO  
DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR  
THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE  
(AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE  
SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL  
AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.**

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

**Section 1. Legislative Finding and Intent.** *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds  
that artificial intelligence (AI) technologies are rapidly advancing and being  
deployed across both public and private sectors. While these technologies offer  
significant benefits for efficiency, innovation, and economic growth, they also  
present novel challenges to individual rights, privacy, due process, and equal

1 protection under the law. Guam must proactively develop a regulatory framework  
2 that balances technological advancement with the protection of fundamental rights  
3 guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution and the Organic Act of Guam. A collaborative  
4 approach involving key stakeholders from government sectors and academia is  
5 essential to create effective and balanced regulations.

6 I Liheslaturan Guahan further finds that Artificial Intelligence (AI)  
7 technologies are

8 **Section 2.** A new Chapter 16 is hereby added to Title 5, Guam Code  
9 Annotated to read:

10 **“CHAPTER 16**  
11 **GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE REGULATORY**  
12 **TASKFORCE”**

13 §16100. Establishment.

14 §16101 Definitions.

15 §16102. Composition.

16 §16103. Purpose and Duties.

17 §16104. Organization and Operations.

18 §16105. Working Groups.

19 §16106. Reports and Recommendations.

20 §16107. Sunset Provision.

21 **§16100. Establishment. There is hereby established the “Guam**  
22 **Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Taskforce”.**

23 **§16101. Definitions.**

- 24 a. “Artificial Intelligence” (AI) means the simulation of human intelligence  
25 processes by machines, especially computer systems, including learning,  
26 reasoning, and self-correction.

- 1 b. “AI Technologies” means systems and applications developed using AI,  
2 including machine learning, natural language processing, robotics, and  
3 computer vision.
- 4 c. “Algorithmic Bias” means systematic and repeatable errors in a computer  
5 system that create unfair outcomes, such as privileging one arbitrary group  
6 of users over others.
- 7 d. “Stakeholders” mean individuals or groups with an interest in the regulation  
8 and deployment of AI technologies, including members of the government,  
9 private sector, and academia.

10 **§16102. Composition.**

11 (a) The Task Force shall consist of the following eleven (11) members:

12 (1) Two (2) members from *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*:

13 (i) The Chairperson of the Committee on Technology, or its  
14 successor committee;

15 (ii) One (1) additional Senator appointed by the Speaker.

16 (2) The Attorney General of Guam or their designee;

17 (3) One (1) member from the Judicial Branch of Guam:

18 (i) The Chief Justice or their designee;

19 (4) Four (4) Members from the Executive Branch:

20 (i) The Chief Technology Officer of Guam or equivalent  
21 position;

22 (ii) The Director of the Bureau of Statistics and Plans or their  
23 designee;

24 (iii) The Director of the Guam Homeland Security or their  
25 designee;

26 (iv) The Administrator of the Guam Memorial Hospital or  
27 their designee;



1           (5) One (1) member from the University of Guam:

2               (i) The President of the University of Guam or their  
3               designee;

4           (6) One (1) member from the Guam Economic Development  
5           Authority (GEDA) or their designee

6           (7) One (1) member appointed by the Guam Chamber of  
7           Commerce.

8       **§16103. Purpose and Duties.**

9       (a) The Task Force shall:

10           (1) Study and evaluate current and emerging AI technologies and  
11           their potential impacts on Guam;

12           (2) Assess existing laws and regulations related to AI technology;

13           (3) Identify potential risks and benefits of AI deployment in  
14           government and private sector operations;

15           (4) Develop recommendations for a comprehensive regulatory  
16           framework that:

17               (i) Protects individual rights under the U.S. Constitution and  
18               Organic Act of Guam;

19               (ii) Ensures transparency and accountability in AI systems;

20               (iii) Promotes responsible AI innovation and economic  
21               growth;

22               (iv) Prevents discriminatory outcomes and algorithmic bias;

23               (v) Safeguards privacy and data security;

24               (vi) Establishes clear guidelines for AI use in government  
25               decision-making;

26               (vii) Creates mechanisms for oversight and enforcement.

27       **§16104. Organization and Operations.**

1           (a) The Task Force shall elect a Chairperson and Vice Chairperson  
2           from among its members.

3           (b) Six (6) members shall constitute a quorum.

4           (c) The Task Force shall meet bi-monthly.

5           (d) Members shall serve without compensation but may be  
6           reimbursed for reasonable expenses.

7           (e) The Office of Technology shall provide administrative support.

8           **§16105. Working Groups.**

9           The Task Force may establish working groups to address specific aspects of  
10          AI regulation, including but not limited to:

11           (a) Constitutional Rights and Civil Liberties;

12           (b) Government Use and Procurement;

13           (c) Privacy and Data Protection;

14           (d) Economic Development and Innovation;

15           (e) Education and Workforce Development.

16          **§16106. Reports and Recommendations.**

17          (a) The Task Force shall submit:

18           (1) progress reports every four (4) months to *I Liheslaturan*  
19          *Guåhan*;

20           (2) A preliminary framework within twelve (12) months of its first  
21          meeting;

22           (3) A final report and recommended regulatory framework within  
23          eighteen (18) months.

24          (b) The final report shall include:

25           (1) Proposed legislation and regulations;

26           (2) Implementation strategies;

27           (3) Resource requirements;

28           (4) Timeline recommendations;

1                   (5) Mechanisms for ongoing oversight and updates.

2                   **§16107. Sunset Provision.**

3                   The Task Force shall dissolve twenty-four (24) months after its first  
4 meeting, unless extended by law.

5                   **Section 3. Effective Date.** This Act shall take effect immediately upon its  
6 enactment.

7                   **Section 4. Severability.** If any provision of this Act or its application to  
8 any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or inorganic, such invalidity shall  
9 not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect  
10 without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this  
11 Act is severable.

***I MINA'TRENTAI OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN***

**2025 (FIRST) Regular Session**

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

As Amended by the Committee on Finance  
and Government Operations

Introduced by:

Telo T. Taitague  
Chris Barnett  
Frank Blas Jr.  
Sabina F. Perez  
Shelly V. Calvo  
V. Anthony Ada  
Therese M. Terlaje

**AN ACT TO *ADD* A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5,  
GUAM CODE ANNOTATED AND *AMEND* § 12.106 (f)  
OF ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE  
ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE  
GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)  
REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A  
COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE  
REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)  
IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE  
SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL  
AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.**

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

**Section 1. Legislative Finding and Intent.** *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds  
that artificial intelligence (AI) technologies are rapidly advancing and being  
deployed across both public and private sectors. While these technologies offer  
significant benefits for efficiency, innovation, and economic growth, they also

1 present novel challenges to individual rights, privacy, due process, and equal  
2 protection under the law. Guam must proactively develop a regulatory framework  
3 that balances technological advancement with the protection of fundamental rights  
4 guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution and the Organic Act of Guam. A collaborative  
5 approach involving key stakeholders from government sectors and academia is  
6 essential to create effective and balanced regulations.

7 *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* further finds that a coordinated, multi-sectoral  
8 approach is necessary to ensure Guam’s readiness to regulate and leverage  
9 artificial intelligence technologies responsibly. This Act establishes the Guam  
10 Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Task Force to study emerging AI developments,  
11 assess existing legal and policy frameworks, and recommend comprehensive  
12 legislation and regulations that safeguard individual rights, promote responsible  
13 innovation, and protect against cybersecurity risks and algorithmic bias.

14 It is the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* that the Task Force engage with  
15 stakeholders from the public and private sectors, academia, and, where appropriate,  
16 federal partners, and provide timely reports and recommendations to guide the  
17 development of policies, standards, and potential permanent governance structures  
18 necessary for the responsible deployment of AI in Guam’s government and  
19 economy.

20 **Section 2.** A new Chapter 16 is hereby added to Title 5, Guam Code  
21 Annotated to read:

22 **“CHAPTER 16**

23 **GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE REGULATORY**

24 **TASKFORCE”**

25 §16100. Establishment.

26 §16101 Definitions.

27 §16102. Composition.

28 §16103. Purpose and Duties.



1        §16104.      Organization and Operations.

2  
3        §16105.      Reports and Recommendations.

4        §16106.      Sunset Provision.

5        **§16100.      Establishment. There is hereby established the “Guam**  
6 **Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Taskforce”.**

7        **§16101.      Definitions.**

8        (a)        “Task Force” means the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Task  
9 Force established pursuant to § 16100 of this Chapter.

10       (b)        “Artificial Intelligence” (AI) means the simulation of human  
11 intelligence processes by machines, especially computer systems, including  
12 learning, reasoning, and self-correction.

13       (c)        “AI Technologies” means systems and applications developed using  
14 AI, including machine learning, natural language processing, robotics, and  
15 computer vision.

16       (d)        “Algorithmic Bias” means systematic and repeatable errors in a  
17 computer system that create unfair outcomes, such as privileging one arbitrary  
18 group of users over others.

19       (e)        “Stakeholders” mean individuals or groups with an interest in the  
20 regulation and deployment of AI technologies, including members of the  
21 government, private sector, and academia.

22       (f)        “Subcommittee” means a standing body established by the Task Force  
23 to focus on specific policy areas related to AI governance.

24       (g)        “Working Group” means a temporary body created by a  
25 subcommittee to address defined technical or emerging issues and that reports  
26 its findings to the subcommittee.

1       (h) “Data Governance” means the framework of policies, processes, and  
2       standards that ensure the ethical, secure, and lawful collection, management,  
3       sharing, and use of data across public and private entities.

4       (i) “Cybersecurity” means the protection of information systems and  
5       data from unauthorized access, disruption, of damage through administrative,  
6       technical, and physical safeguards consistent with applicable laws and  
7       standards.

8       (j) “Data Privacy” means the right and obligation to safeguard personal  
9       information against unauthorized collection, disclosure, or use in accordance  
10      with territorial and federal law.

11      (k) “Transparency” means the principle that AI systems, processes, and  
12      decision-making are documented, explainable, and open to oversight by  
13      appropriate authorities or the public, as applicable.

14      (l) “Accountability” means the assignment of responsibility and  
15      mechanisms of redress for actions, outputs, or outcomes of AI systems or their  
16      operators.

17      (m) “Responsible AI” means the design, development, and deployment of  
18      artificial intelligence systems in ways that are lawful, ethical, transparent, and  
19      aligned with human rights and societal values.

20      (n) “Workforce Development” means programs or strategies that build  
21      skills, training, and employment opportunities to prepare Guam’s workforce for  
22      participation in AI-related industries.

23      (o) “Regulatory Framework” means a coordinated set of laws, policies,  
24      standards, and guidelines developed to govern the ethical and secure use of  
25      artificial intelligence technologies within Guam.

1       **§16102.     Composition.**

2       (a)   The Task Force shall consist of the following eleven (11) voting  
3 members:

4           (1)   The Senator who is the Chairperson of the *I Liheslaturan*  
5 *Guåhan*'s Committee on Technology, or its successor committee;

6           (2)   The Attorney General of Guam or their designee;

7           (3)   The Chief Justice of the Judiciary of Guam or their designee;

8           (4)   Four (4) Members from the Executive Branch:

9               (i)   The Chief Technology Officer of Guam or their  
10 designee;

11               (ii)   The Director of the Bureau of Statistics and Plans or their  
12 designee;

13               (iii)   The Director of the Guam Homeland Security or their  
14 designee;

15               (iv)   The Director of the Guam Department of Labor or their  
16 designee;

17           (5)   The President of the University of Guam or their designee;

18           (6)   The Administrator of the Guam Memorial Hospital or their  
19 designee;

20           (7)   Two (2) members from the private sector with relevant  
21 expertise and experience in fields associated with artificial intelligence  
22 regulation, development, or deployment:

23               (i)   One (1) member shall be appointed by the Speaker of *I*  
24 *Liheslaturan Guåhan*. This individual should have experience in one  
25 or more of the following areas: data governance, information security,  
26 privacy law, technology policy, or the ethical, legal, or regulatory  
27 implications of emerging technologies, including but not limited to

1 artificial intelligence, machine learning, or algorithmic decision-  
2 making.

3 (ii) One (1) member shall be appointed by the Governor of  
4 Guam. This individual should have professional experience in one or  
5 more of the following areas: the development, deployment, or  
6 commercialization of artificial intelligence technologies; AI software  
7 development; cloud computing infrastructure; cybersecurity  
8 applications; robotics; or data science, and should preferably have  
9 experience with public-private collaboration or innovation in  
10 technology fields.

11 (b) A representative from the United States Department of Defense or its  
12 local installation may be invited by the Task Force to participate as a non-voting  
13 member of the Task Force.

14 **§16103. Purpose and Duties.**

15 (a) The Task Force shall:

16 (1) Study and evaluate current and emerging AI technologies and  
17 their potential impacts on Guam's public and private sectors, including  
18 social, economic, legal, and security implications;

19 (2) Review and assess existing laws and regulations, and policies at  
20 the territorial and federal levels that relate to or affect the development,  
21 deployment, and governance of AI technologies;

22 (3) Identify potential risks and benefits of AI deployment in  
23 government, private sector operations, and the broader community, with  
24 attention to issues such as workforce impacts, public safety, cybersecurity,  
25 and ethical considerations;

26 (4) Develop recommendations for a comprehensive regulatory and  
27 policy framework that:

1                   (i) Protects individual rights under the U.S. Constitution and  
2                   Organic Act of Guam;

3                   (ii) Ensures transparency and accountability in AI systems;

4                   (iii) Promotes responsible AI innovation, economic growth,  
5                   and workforce development;

6                   (iv) Prevents discriminatory outcomes and algorithmic bias,  
7                   and inequitable impacts;

8                   (v) Safeguards privacy, data security and cybersecurity;

9                   (vi) Establishes clear guidelines and standards for AI use in  
10                  government decision-making and public services;

11                  (vii) Creates mechanisms for oversight, compliance and  
12                  enforcement; and

13                  (5) Establish subcommittees as necessary, to carry out and support the  
14                  purposes and duties of the Task Force, including focused areas such as  
15                  constitutional rights and civil liberties; government use and procurement;  
16                  privacy, data protection, and cybersecurity; economic development and  
17                  innovation; and education and workforce development.

18                  (i) Subcommittees may, as needed, invite subject-matter  
19                  experts, stakeholders, or representatives from relevant local, federal,  
20                  academic, or private-sector entities to participate in their work in an  
21                  advisory capacity.

22                  (ii) Subcommittees may also establish temporary working  
23                  groups under their direction and supervision to support their assigned  
24                  functions. Such working groups shall operate solely as extensions of  
25                  the subcommittee that created them, focusing on specific projects,  
26                  emerging issues, or technical matters, and shall report their findings  
27                  and recommendations through the subcommittee to the Task Force.



1           (6) All meetings of the Task Force, its subcommittees, and working  
2 groups shall comply with the Open Government law, codified in Chapter 8  
3 of Title 5, Guam Code Annotated, and shall maintain minutes and public  
4 records in accordance with the Sunshine Reform Act. Provided, however,  
5 that portions of any meeting or record may be closed to the public to the  
6 extent that disclosure would compromise cybersecurity operations, data  
7 protection systems, or matters involving national security or law  
8 enforcement sensitivity, consistent with the exemptions set forth in § 8111  
9 of Title 5, Guam Code Annotated.

10 **§16104.     Organization and Operations.**

11           (a) The Senator who serves as the Chairperson of the Guam  
12 Legislature’s Committee on Technology, or its successor legislative  
13 committee, shall serve as the Chairperson of the Task Force. The Chief  
14 Technology Officer of the Office of Technology shall serve as the Vice  
15 Chairperson of the Task Force.

16           (b) A quorum shall consist of a majority of the total membership of  
17 the Task Force as established under §16102 (a), provided that at least one (1)  
18 of the two (2) private-sector appointed members is present.

19           (c) The Task Force shall meet bi-monthly.

20           (d) Members shall serve without compensation. Members may,  
21 however, be reimbursed for reasonable expenses directly related to their  
22 participation in Task Force meetings and authorized activities, including  
23 travel and per diem, subject to the availability of funds appropriated to the  
24 Office of Technology for the purposes of the Task Force, and in accordance  
25 with the travel and reimbursement policies established by the Department of  
26 Administration and applicable laws and regulations.

27           (e) The Chief Technology Officer of the Office of Technology,  
28 pursuant to § 12.106 (f) of Title 5, Guam Code Annotated, shall provide

1 regulatory and policy oversight to government-wide technology initiatives  
2 and interagency working groups related to artificial intelligence and  
3 emerging technologies. Such oversight shall ensure that all frameworks,  
4 standards, and recommendations developed by the Task Force or related  
5 entities comply with applicable privacy laws, cybersecurity and data-  
6 governance standards, and protections of civil liberties and individual rights.

7 (f) The Office of Technology may provide administrative and  
8 clerical support to the Task Force. Nothing in this Article shall require that  
9 Office of Technology funds be utilized to cover any costs that are the direct  
10 result of the Task Force carrying out its defined duties and responsibilities  
11 pursuant to this article. The Chairperson of the Task Force, in cooperation  
12 with the Chief Technology Officer of OTECH, may request for budgetary  
13 support from *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* for the purposes of the Task Force.

14 **§16105. Reports and Recommendations.**

15 (a) The Task Force shall submit written reports to the Speaker of *I*  
16 *Liheslaturan Guåhan* on its activities, findings and recommendations as follows:

17 (1) First Progress Reports within four (4) months of its first  
18 meeting detailing the organization of the Task Force, membership status, the  
19 adoption of a work plan, initial areas of inquiry, and early findings;

20 (2) A Second Progress Report within eight (8) months of its first  
21 meeting, summarizing research on artificial intelligence technologies, an  
22 assessment of existing laws and regulations, identification of regulatory  
23 gaps, and preliminary stakeholder input;

24 (3) A Preliminary Framework Report within twelve (12) months of  
25 its first meeting, outlining proposed guiding principles, policy objectives,  
26 and an initial draft structure for a comprehensive regulatory framework, and  
27 identifying areas for public engagement and comment;

1           (4) A Third Progress Report within sixteen (16) months of its first  
2 meeting, providing updates on stakeholder feedback, refinements to policy  
3 recommendations, identification of areas of consensus and remaining  
4 challenges, and may include preliminary draft legislation or model  
5 regulations;

6           (5) A Final Report and recommended regulatory framework within  
7 eighteen (18) to twenty (20) months of its first meeting. A final report shall  
8 include but not be limited to:

9                   (i) Proposed legislation, rules, and regulations necessary to  
10 implement a comprehensive framework for the regulation and  
11 governance of artificial intelligence;

12                   (ii) Recommended strategies for implementation and  
13 interagency coordination;

14                   (iii) An analysis of resource requirements, including funding,  
15 personnel, and technical expertise;

16                   (iv) Proposed timelines and milestones for adoption and  
17 implementation of recommended policies;

18                   (v) Recommended mechanisms for ongoing oversight,  
19 monitoring, and periodic review of artificial intelligence policies and  
20 technologies; and

21                   (vi) A recommendation as to whether a permanent entity,  
22 commission, or advisory council on artificial intelligence should be  
23 established to continue oversight, coordination, and policy  
24 development beyond the Task Force's term.

25           (6) If the Task Force determines that additional time is necessary to  
26 complete or submit any required report under this Section, it shall notify I  
27 Liheslaturan Guåhan, through the Speaker and the legislative committee  
28 with oversight over technology matters, in writing at least thirty (30) days

1 prior to the applicable reporting deadline. Such notification shall include the  
2 reasons for the delay, a description of work completed to date, and a  
3 proposed revised submission date not to exceed ninety (90) days from the  
4 original deadline, unless otherwise authorized by law.

5 **§16106. Sunset Provision.**

6 The Task Force shall dissolve twenty-four (24) months after its first  
7 meeting, unless extended by law. The Task Force may submit a recommendation  
8 for extension of its term of up to an additional twenty-four (24) months, subject to  
9 approval by law, between the twentieth (20th) and twenty-second (22nd) month  
10 following its first meeting, regardless of whether the final report has been  
11 submitted, provided that written justification for the extension is submitted,  
12 specifying the objectives, deliverables, and scope of work to be accomplished  
13 during the extended period.

14 No further extensions shall be authorized beyond this additional twenty-four  
15 (24) months, unless a permanent entity, commission, or advisory council on  
16 artificial intelligence is established by law to continue the work of oversight,  
17 coordination, and policy development initiated by the Task Force.”

18 **Section 3.** § 12.106 (f) of Article 12.1, Chapter 1 of Title 5, Guam Code  
19 Annotated, is hereby *amended* to read:

20 “(f) The Chief Technology Officer of the Office of Technology shall  
21 provide regulatory and policy oversight to government-wide technology initiatives  
22 and interagency working groups related to artificial intelligence and emerging  
23 technologies. Such oversight shall ensure that all frameworks, standards, and  
24 recommendations developed by the Task Force or related entities comply with  
25 applicable privacy laws, cybersecurity and data-governance standards, and  
26 protections of civil liberties and individual rights. The Chief Technology Officer  
27 shall promulgate rules to minimize vulnerability to threats and to regularly assess  
28 security risks, determine appropriate security measures, and perform security

1 audits of government information systems and data communications  
2 infrastructures.”

3       **Section 4. Effective Date.** This Act shall take effect immediately upon its  
4 enactment.

5       **Section 5. Severability.** If any provision of this Act or its application to  
6 any person or circumstance is found to be invalid or inorganic, such invalidity shall  
7 not affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect  
8 without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this  
9 Act is severable.



**COMMITTEE MARKUP VERSION**  
***I MINA'TRENTAI OCHO NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN***  
**2025 (FIRST) Regular Session**

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

As Amended by the Committee on Finance and  
Government Operations

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Introduced by:

Telo T. Taitague  
Chris Barnett  
Frank Blas Jr.  
Sabina F. Perez  
Shelly V. Calvo  
V. Anthony Ada  
Therese M. Terlaje

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AN ACT TO *ADD* A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5,  
GUAM CODE ANNOTATED **AND AMEND § 12.106 (f) OF**  
**ARTICLE 12.1 CHAPTER 1, TITLE 5, GUAM CODE**  
**ANNOTATED**, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE  
GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)  
REGULATORY TASK FORCE, TO DEVELOP A  
COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE  
REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI)  
IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE  
SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL  
AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.

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**BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:**

**Section 1. Legislative Finding and Intent.** *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds  
that artificial intelligence (AI) technologies are rapidly advancing and being  
deployed across both public and private sectors. While these technologies offer  
significant benefits for efficiency, innovation, and economic growth, they also

COMMITTEE MARKUP VERSION

present novel challenges to individual rights, privacy, due process, and equal protection under the law. Guam must proactively develop a regulatory framework that balances technological advancement with the protection of fundamental rights guaranteed by the U.S. Constitution and the Organic Act of Guam. A collaborative approach involving key stakeholders from government sectors and academia is essential to create effective and balanced regulations.

*I Liheslaturan Guåhan* further finds that a coordinated, multi-sectoral approach is necessary to ensure Guam's readiness to regulate and leverage artificial intelligence technologies responsibly. This Act establishes the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Task Force to study emerging AI developments, assess existing legal and policy frameworks, and recommend comprehensive legislation and regulations that safeguard individual rights, promote responsible innovation, and protect against cybersecurity risks and algorithmic bias.

It is the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* that the Task Force engage with stakeholders from the public and private sectors, academia, and, where appropriate, federal partners, and provide timely reports and recommendations to guide the development of policies, standards, and potential permanent governance structures necessary for the responsible deployment of AI in Guam's government and economy.

**Section 2.** A new Chapter 16 is hereby added to Title 5, Guam Code Annotated to read:

**“CHAPTER 16**

**GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE REGULATORY**

**TASKFORCE”**

§16100. Establishment.

§16101 Definitions.

§16102. Composition.

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§16103. Purpose and Duties.

§16104. Organization and Operations.

§16105. Reports and Recommendations.

§16106. Sunset Provision.

§16100. Establishment. There is hereby established the “Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Taskforce”.

§16101. Definitions.

a. “Task Force” means the Guam Artificial Intelligence Regulatory Task Force established pursuant to § 16100 of this Chapter.

b. “Artificial Intelligence” (AI) means the simulation of human intelligence processes by machines, especially computer systems, including learning, reasoning, and self-correction.

c. “AI Technologies” means systems and applications developed using AI, including machine learning, natural language processing, robotics, and computer vision.

d. “Algorithmic Bias” means systematic and repeatable errors in a computer system that create unfair outcomes, such as privileging one arbitrary group of users over others.

e. “Stakeholders” mean individuals or groups with an interest in the regulation and deployment of AI technologies, including members of the government, private sector, and academia.

f. “Subcommittee” means a standing body established by the Task Force to focus on specific policy areas related to AI governance.

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- g. “Working Group” means a temporary body created by a subcommittee to address defined technical or emerging issues and that reports its findings to the subcommittee.
- h. “Data Governance” means the framework of policies, processes, and standards that ensure the ethical, secure, and lawful collection, management, sharing, and use of data across public and private entities.
- i. “Cybersecurity” means the protection of information systems and data from unauthorized access, disruption, or damage through administrative, technical, and physical safeguards consistent with applicable laws and standards.
- j. “Data Privacy” means the right and obligation to safeguard personal information against unauthorized collection, disclosure, or use in accordance with territorial and federal law.
- k. “Transparency” means the principle that AI systems, processes, and decision-making are documented, explainable, and open to oversight by appropriate authorities or the public, as applicable.
- l. “Accountability” means the assignment of responsibility and mechanisms of redress for actions, outputs, or outcomes of AI systems or their operators.
- m. “Responsible AI” means the design, development, and deployment of artificial intelligence systems in ways that are lawful, ethical, transparent, and aligned with human rights and societal values.
- n. “Workforce Development” means programs or strategies that build skills, training, and employment opportunities to prepare Guam’s workforce for participation in AI-related industries.

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o. "Regulatory Framework" means a coordinated set of laws, policies, standards, and guidelines developed to govern the ethical and secure use of artificial intelligence technologies within Guam.

**§16102. Composition.**

(a) The Task Force shall consist of the following eleven (11) voting members:

(1) The Senator who is the Chairperson of the *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*'s Committee on Technology, or its successor committee;

(2) The Attorney General of Guam or their designee;

(3) The Chief Justice of the Judiciary of Guam or their designee;

(4) Four (4) Members from the Executive Branch:

(i) The Chief Technology Officer of Guam or their designee;

(ii) The Director of the Bureau of Statistics and Plans or their designee;

(iii) The Director of the Guam Homeland Security or their designee;

(iv) The Director of the Guam Department of Labor or their designee;

(5) The President of the University of Guam or their designee;

(6) The Administrator of the Guam Memorial Hospital or their designee;

(7) Two (2) members from the private sector with relevant expertise and experience in fields associated with artificial intelligence regulation, development, or deployment;

(i) One (1) member shall be appointed by the Speaker of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*. This individual should have experience in one or more of the following areas: data governance, information security, privacy law, technology policy, or the ethical, legal, or regulatory

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Two (2) members from *I Liheslaturan Guåhan*: ¶

(i) The Chairperson of the Committee on Technology, or ... [1]

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implications of emerging technologies, including but not limited to artificial intelligence, machine learning, or algorithmic decision-making.

(ii) One (1) member shall be appointed by the Governor of Guam. This individual should have professional experience in one or more of the following areas: the development, deployment, or commercialization of artificial intelligence technologies; AI software development; cloud computing infrastructure; cybersecurity applications; robotics; or data science, and should preferably have experience with public-private collaboration or innovation in technology fields.

(b) A representative from the United States Department of Defense or its local installation may be invited by the Task Force to participate as a non-voting member of the Task Force.

**§16103. Purpose and Duties.**

(a) The Task Force shall:

(1) Study and evaluate current and emerging AI technologies and their potential impacts on Guam's public and private sectors, including social, economic, legal, and security implications;

(2) Review and assess existing laws and regulations, and policies at the territorial and federal levels that relate to or affect the development, deployment, and governance of AI technologies;

(3) Identify potential risks and benefits of AI deployment in government, private sector operations, and the broader community, with attention to issues such as workforce impacts, public safety, cybersecurity, and ethical considerations;

(4) Develop recommendations for a comprehensive regulatory and policy framework that:

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(i) Protects individual rights under the U.S. Constitution and Organic Act of Guam:

(ii) Ensures transparency and accountability in AI systems:

(iii) Promotes responsible AI innovation, economic growth, and workforce development:

(iv) Prevents discriminatory outcomes and algorithmic bias, and inequitable impacts:

(v) Safeguards privacy, data security, and cybersecurity:

(vi) Establishes clear guidelines and standards for AI use in government decision-making and public services:

(vii) Creates mechanisms for oversight, compliance and enforcement, and:

(5) Establish subcommittees as necessary, to carry out and support the purposes and duties of the Task Force, including focused areas such as constitutional rights and civil liberties: government use and procurement: privacy, data protection, and cybersecurity: economic development and innovation: and education and workforce development.

(i) Subcommittees may, as needed, invite subject-matter experts, stakeholders, or representatives from relevant local, federal, academic, or private-sector entities to participate in their work in an advisory capacity.

(ii) Subcommittees may also establish temporary working groups under their direction and supervision to support their assigned functions. Such working groups shall operate solely as extensions of the subcommittee that created them, focusing on specific projects, emerging issues, or technical matters, and shall report their findings and recommendations through the subcommittee to the Task Force.

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COMMITTEE MARKUP VERSION

(6) All meetings of the Task Force, its subcommittees, and working groups shall comply with the Open Government law, codified in Chapter 8 of Title 5, Guam Code Annotated, and shall maintain minutes and public records in accordance with the Sunshine Reform Act. Provided, however, that portions of any meeting or record may be closed to the public to the extent that disclosure would compromise cybersecurity operations, data protection systems, or matters involving national security or law enforcement sensitivity, consistent with the exemptions set forth in § 8111 of Title 5, Guam Code Annotated.

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**§16104. Organization and Operations.**

(a) The Senator who serves as the Chairperson of the Guam Legislature's Committee on Technology, or its successor legislative committee, shall serve as the Chairperson of the Task Force. The Chief Technology Officer of the Office of Technology shall serve as the Vice Chairperson of the Task Force.

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(b) A quorum shall consist of a majority of the total membership of the Task Force as established under §16102 (a), provided that at least one (1) of the two (2) private-sector appointed members is present.

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(c) The Task Force shall meet bi-monthly.

(d) Members shall serve without compensation. Members may, however, be reimbursed for reasonable expenses directly related to their participation in Task Force meetings and authorized activities, including travel and per diem, subject to the availability of funds appropriated to the Office of Technology for the purposes of the Task Force, and in accordance with the travel and reimbursement policies established by the Department of Administration and applicable laws and regulations.

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(e) The Chief Technology Officer of the Office of Technology, pursuant to § 12.106(f) of Title 5, Guam Code Annotated, shall provide

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regulatory and policy oversight to government-wide technology initiatives and interagency working groups related to artificial intelligence and emerging technologies. Such oversight shall ensure that all frameworks, standards, and recommendations developed by the Task Force or related entities comply with applicable privacy laws, cybersecurity and data-governance standards, and protections of civil liberties and individual rights.

(f) The Office of Technology shall provide administrative and clerical support to the Task Force. Nothing in this Article shall require that Office of Technology funds be utilized to cover any costs that are the direct result of the Task Force carrying out its defined duties and responsibilities pursuant to this article. The Chairperson of the Task Force, in cooperation with the Chief Technology Officer of OTECH, may request for budgetary support from *Liheslaturan Guåhan* for the purposes of the Task Force.

**§16105. Reports and Recommendations.**

(a) The Task Force shall submit written reports to the Speaker of *Liheslaturan Guåhan* on its activities, findings and recommendations as follows:

(1) First Progress Reports within four (4) months of its first meeting detailing the organization of the Task Force, membership status, the adoption of a work plan, initial areas of inquiry, and early findings;

(2) A Second Progress Report within eight (8) months of its first meeting, summarizing research on artificial intelligence technologies, an assessment of existing laws and regulations, identification of regulatory gaps, and preliminary stakeholder input;

(3) A Preliminary Framework Report within twelve (12) months of its first meeting, outlining proposed guiding principles, policy objectives, and an initial draft structure for a comprehensive regulatory framework, and identifying areas for public engagement and comment;

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(4) A Third Progress Report within sixteen (16) months of its first meeting, providing updates on stakeholder feedback, refinements to policy recommendations, identification of areas of consensus and remaining challenges, and may include preliminary draft legislation or model regulations;

(5) A Final Report and recommended regulatory framework within eighteen (18) to twenty (20) months of its first meeting. A final report shall include but not be limited to:

(i) Proposed legislation, rules, and regulations necessary to implement a comprehensive framework for the regulation and governance of artificial intelligence;

(ii) Recommended strategies for implementation and interagency coordination;

(iii) An analysis of resource requirements, including funding, personnel, and technical expertise;

(iv) Proposed timelines and milestones for adoption and implementation of recommended policies;

(v) Recommended mechanisms for ongoing oversight, monitoring, and periodic review of artificial intelligence policies and technologies; and

(vi) A recommendation as to whether a permanent entity, commission, or advisory council on artificial intelligence should be established to continue oversight, coordination, and policy development beyond the Task Force's term.

(6) If the Task Force determines that additional time is necessary to complete or submit any required report under this Section, it shall notify *Liheslaturan Guåhan*, through the Speaker and the legislative committee with oversight over technology matters, in writing at least thirty (30) days prior to

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the applicable reporting deadline. Such notification shall include the reasons for the delay, a description of work completed to date, and a proposed revised submission date not to exceed ninety (90) days from the original deadline, unless otherwise authorized by law.

**§16106. Sunset Provision.**

The Task Force shall dissolve twenty-four (24) months after its first meeting, unless extended by law. The Task Force may submit a recommendation for extension of its term of up to an additional twenty-four (24) months, subject to approval by law, between the twentieth (20th) and twenty-second (22nd) month following its first meeting, regardless of whether the final report has been submitted, provided that written justification for the extension is submitted, specifying the objectives, deliverables, and scope of work to be accomplished during the extended period.

No further extensions shall be authorized beyond this additional twenty-four (24) months, unless a permanent entity, commission, or advisory council on artificial intelligence is established by law to continue the work of oversight, coordination, and policy development initiated by the Task Force.”

**Section 3.** § 12.106(f) of Article 12.1, Chapter 1 of Title 5, Guam Code Annotated, is hereby amended to read:

“(f) The Chief Technology Officer shall ensure compliance with confidentiality restrictions and other security guidelines applicable to law enforcement agencies, emergency response personnel, and emergency management operations, and shall develop and implement policies, standards, and oversight mechanisms for the ethical and secure use of emerging technologies, including artificial intelligence, across all executive branch agencies. The Chief Technology Officer shall promulgate rules to minimize vulnerability to threats and to regularly assess security risks, determine appropriate security measures, and perform security

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1 audits of government information systems and data communications  
2 infrastructures.”

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3 **Section 4. Effective Date.** This Act shall take effect immediately upon its  
4 enactment.

5 **Section 5. Severability.** If any provision of this Act or its application to any  
6 person or circumstance is found to be invalid or inorganic, such invalidity shall not  
7 affect other provisions or applications of this Act that can be given effect without  
8 the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act is  
9 severable.

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## COMMITTEE ON RULES

Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada, Chairperson  
*I Mina'trentai Ocho Na Liheslaturan Guåhan*  
38<sup>th</sup> Guam Legislature

March 5, 2025

**To:** **Rennae V. C. Meno**  
Clerk of the Legislature

**From:** **Vice Speaker V. Anthony Ada**   
Chairperson, Committee on Rules

**Subject:** **Fiscal Note for Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

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*Håfa Adai!*

Find the attached, Fiscal Note for the following bill:

**Bill No. 64-38 (COR).**

I also request that the same be sent to the respective Chairperson of the Standing Committee, to which this bill has been referred. Kindly forward the same to Management Information Services (MIS) for posting on our website.



**Bureau of Budget & Management Research**  
**Fiscal Note of Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

AN ACT TO **ADD** A NEW CHAPTER 16 TO TITLE 5, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, RELATIVE TO ESTABLISHING THE GUAM ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) REGULATORY TASK FORCE TO DEVELOP A COMPREHENSIVE FRAMEWORK FOR THE REGULATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE (AI) IN THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND PRIVATE SECTOR WHILE PROTECTING CONSTITUTIONAL AND ORGANIC ACT RIGHTS.

**Department/Agency Appropriation Information**

Dept./Agency Affected: Office of Technology (OTECH)	Dept./Agency Head: Lujan, Frank, Chief Technology Officer
Department's General Fund (GF) appropriation(s) to date:	\$3,936,230
Department's Other Fund appropriation(s) to date: N/A	\$0
Total Department/Agency Appropriation(s) to date:	\$3,936,230

**Fund Source Information of Proposed Appropriation**

	General Fund:	Special Fund:	Total:
FY 2024 Unreserved Fund Balance	\$0	\$0	\$0
FY 2025 Adopted Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
FY 2025 Appro. (P.L. 37-125)	\$0	\$0	\$0
Sub-total:	\$0	\$0	\$0
Less appropriation in Bill	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total:	\$0	\$0	\$0

**Estimated Fiscal Impact of Bill**

	One Full Fiscal Year	For Remainder of FY 2025 (if applicable)	FY 2026	FY 2027	FY 2028	FY 2029
General Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Special Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Total	1/	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

1. Does the bill contain "revenue generating" provisions?      // Yes      /X/ No  
If Yes, see attachment
2. Is amount appropriated adequate to fund the intent of the appropriation?      /X/ N/A      // Yes      // No  
If no, what is the additional amount required? \$ \_\_\_\_\_      /X/ N/A
3. Does the Bill establish a new program/agency?      // Yes      /X/ No  
If yes, will the program duplicate existing programs/agencies?      /X/ N/A      // Yes      // No  
Is there a federal mandate to establish the program/agency?      // Yes      /X/ No
4. Will the enactment of this Bill require new physical facilities?      // Yes      /X/ No
5. Was Fiscal Note coordinated with the affected dept/agency?      /X/ Yes      // No  
If no, indicate reason: \_\_\_\_\_
- /X/ Requested agency comments not received by due date: OTECH      // Other

Analyst: <u>Raymond Rieta</u>	Date: <u>3/4/25</u>	Director: <u>Lester L. Carlson, Jr.</u>	Date: <u>MAR 05 2025</u>
Raymond Rieta, BMA IV		Lester L. Carlson, Jr., Director	

Notes:  
1/ See Additional Comments.

**Bureau of Budget & Management Research**  
**Comments on Bill No. 64-38 (COR)**

Bill No. 64-38 proposes to establish the Guam Artificial Intelligence (AI) Regulatory Taskforce to develop a comprehensive framework for the regulation of AI in the Government of Guam and private sector while protecting Constitutional and Organic Act rights. The Bill sets forth 1) the specific terminology relative to AI, 2) outlines the composition, purposes, duties, organization and operations of the taskforce, 3) recommends working groups to address specific aspects of AI regulation, and 4) establishes reporting and recommendation requirements.

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As the intent of this taskforce is to establish policy, it is inherently administrative in nature. The Bill does stipulate that members shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for reasonable expenses. Additionally, the legislation also states that administrative support for the taskforce shall be provided by the Office of Technology (OTECH). As such, the passage of this proposed legislation has the potential to affect the operations of OTECH, however, absent comment from the department, the Bureau is unable to ascertain the specific impact of Bill No. 64-38. It should also be noted that the Bill includes a Sunset Provision for the task force to dissolve twenty-four (24) months after its first meeting, unless extended by law. This provision may limit any potential fiscal impact of the legislation.